

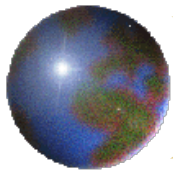
Post-Earthquake Bridge Inspection



Ching Chao, PE, MS; Vinh Dang, PE

Office of Structure Maintenance & Investigations, Caltrans

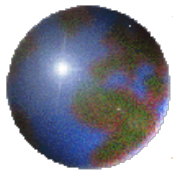




Caltrans District Map



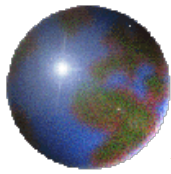
*Provide a safe, sustainable, integrated and efficient transportation system
to enhance California's economy and livability*



EOC Emergency Operation Centers

LA Regional Transportation Management Center





SM&I Emergency Response Plan

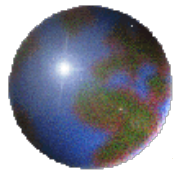
California Department of Transportation Structure Maintenance and Investigations
Emergency Response Plan 2014

California Department of Transportation Structure Maintenance and Investigation



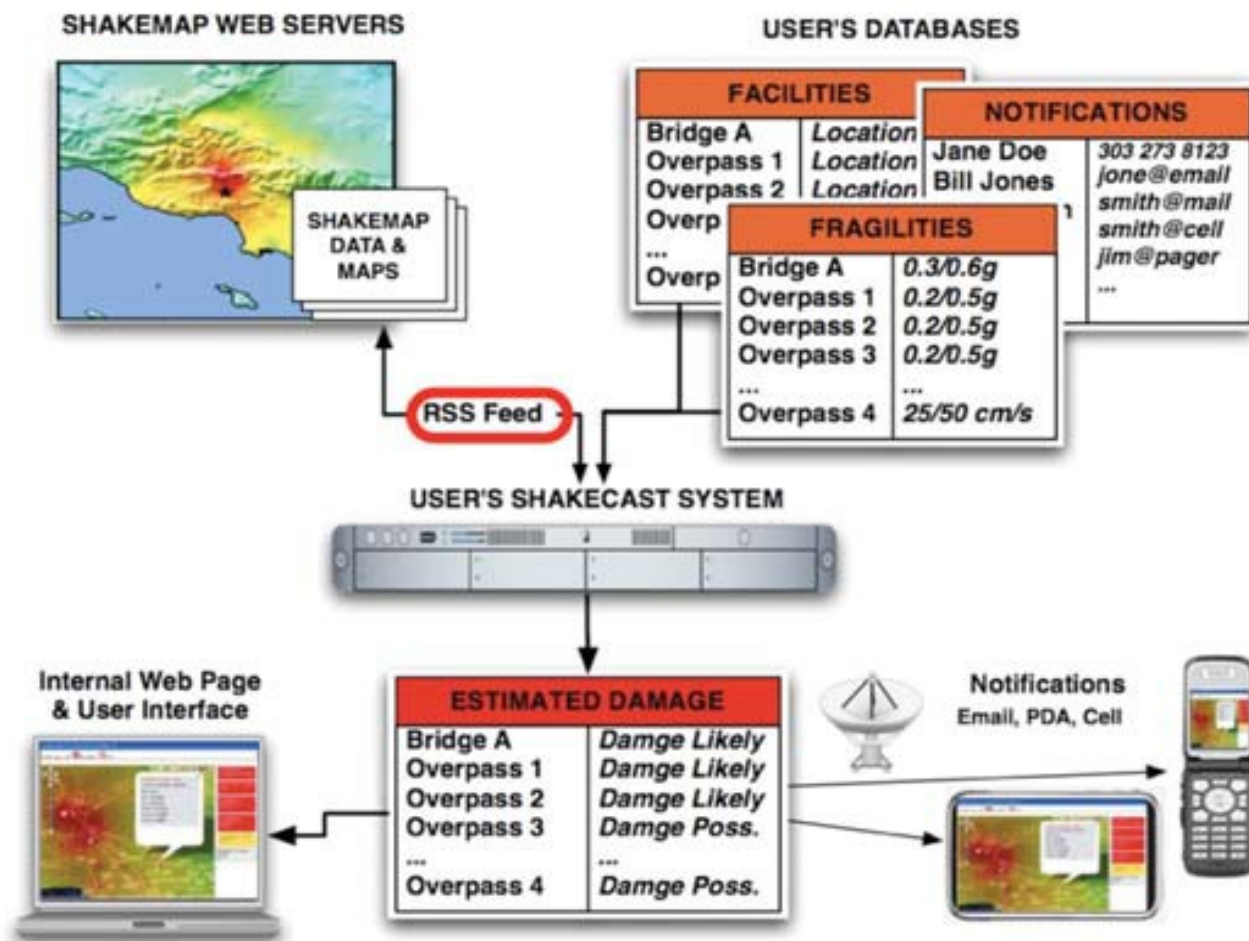
Emergency Response Plan 2014

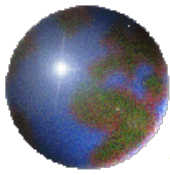
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ShakeCast

A post-earthquake decision-making and rapid-response tool



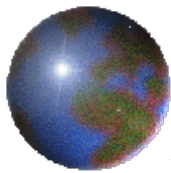


ShakeCast

- *Retrieves measured shaking data within minutes after an earthquake.*
- *Compares shaking distribution with unique bridge vulnerabilities.*
- *Provides hierarchical lists and maps of bridges most likely impacted.*
- *Emails bridge and facility location and inspection priority information to responders within 15 minutes following events with a magnitude greater than 4.0.*
- *Automatically generates products for direct use in Google Earth, ArcGIS, and Excel*
- *Provides a suite of tools on ShakeCast website*

USGS ShakeCast website:

<http://earthquake.usgs.gov/research/software/shakecast/>



ShakeCast

Caltrans ShakeCast Service (C)
To: Caltrans.ShakeCastAdmin@dot.ca.gov
From: ShakeCast@dot.ca.gov
Date: 05/04/2003 11:18 AM
Subject: BRIDGE ASSESSMENT: 0.9, 7 km SSE of Aptos, CA (Loma Prieta, rde Version 1)

Caltrans ShakeCast Preliminary Earthquake Bridge Impact Report

This report supersedes any earlier reports about this event. This is a computer-generated message and has not yet been reviewed by an Engineer or Geologist. Information about the epicenter, magnitude, location, date, and time are provided by the California Integrated Seismic Network (CISN). The analysis of potential bridge damage in this report is based upon an initial ShakeMap (unverified) and estimated fragilities for Caltrans bridges. Bridge fragility models were adopted from HAZUS and Batooz & Mander (1999). This report is intended to be used as a first response tool to assist in identifying Caltrans bridges most likely impacted by the event.

CISN ShakeMap for Loma Prieta Earthquake

Tue Oct 17, 1989 05:04:00 PM PDT M 6.9 N37.04 W121.68 Depth: 18.0km ID:Loma_Prieta



Map Version: 1.0 (Revised) Fri Oct 16, 1989 05:04:00 PM PDT - NOT REVERSED BY USER

Intensity	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0
Peak Acc (g)	0.001	0.002	0.003	0.005	0.008	0.012	0.018	0.028	0.042	0.065	0.100	0.150	0.225	0.350	0.525	0.787	1.180	1.770	2.655	4.000	5.910	8.775	13.162	19.743	29.515	44.272	66.408	100.000	149.432	223.612
Peak Vel (cm/s)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Duration (s)	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000

Event Summary

Name: (Unlabeled Event) - Version 1

Magnitude: 6.9
ID: Loma Prieta, rde 1
Location: 7 km SSE of Aptos, CA
Latitude: 37.04
Longitude: -121.68
Time: 1989-10-17 05:04:00 GMT

Downloads & Resources

Caltrans Internet Links:

GoogleEarth KML files:
ShakeCast Bridge Assessment
Caltrans Bridge Inventory
Caltrans Roadway Inventory
Caltrans Roadway Inventory

Bridge Assessment Summary

Maximum Peak 1.0 sec Spectral Acceleration: 105.39037g
Maximum Acceleration: (not measured)
Total number of bridges assessed: 2030

Summary by inspection priority:

Priority	Count	Description
High	22	High Priority for full engineering assessment
Medium-High	107	Medium-High Priority for full engineering assessment
Medium-Low	106	Medium-Low Priority for full engineering assessment
Low	1795	Low Priority for full engineering assessment; quick visual inspection likely sufficient.

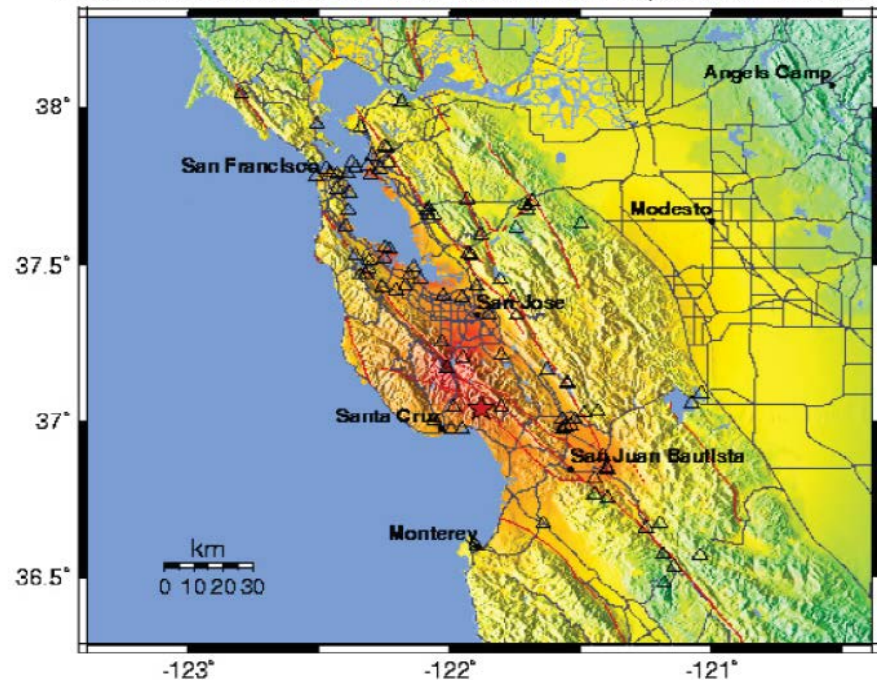
Bridge Assessment Details

Bridges provided in table below are sorted by order of severity of impact to bridges.

Bridge Name	Bridge Number	Dist-City-Rte-PM	Inspection Priority	1 sec Peak Spectral Acceleration (g)	Exceedance Ratio
Daleton Avenue OC	35 0144	04-SM-101-0.55-DMT	High	105.39037	0.934
Van Dal Ore OH	37 0477L	04-SCL-086-1.25-SJS	High	49.2711	2.472
San Mateo Highway Bridge	36 0054	04-SM-092-R1.44-FSTC	High	40.8814	2.167
Constitution Way OC	33 0513K	04-ALA-200-40.06-ALA	High	68.2755	1.415
Marshall Road Underpass	37 0256	04-SCL-280-F3.60-SJS	High	59.9229	1.122
Campbell Underpass	37 0138	04-SCL-017-12.25-CMB	High	70.2143	0.887
Rail Hillside Blvd OC	38 0138	04-SM-101-11.18-SM	High	68.3762	1.071
Redwood Creek	38 0148	04-SM-101-8.2-RDWC	High	61.0024	1.064
2850-Approach Lower Deck	34 0118K	04-SM-080-4.30-SM	High	33.2378	1.007
Holly Street OC	35 0037	04-SM-101-9.4	High	65.904	1.040
Road 1380 Separation (Hwy)	33 0191G	04-ALA-011-31.92-DCR	High	60.0766	1.046
Race Street Overcrossing	37 0280	04-SCL-280-H3.75-SJS	High	59.9229	1.049
Presidio Viaduct	34 0019	04-SM-101-9.14-SM	High	68.3123	1.036
South Delaware Street UC	35 0150L	04-SM-092-R1.01-SM	High	35.1922	1.030
South Delaware Street UC	35 0150R	04-SM-092-R1.01-SM	High	35.1922	1.030
Powell Street UC	33 0020	04-ALA-090-5.70-EMV	High	66.6765	1.012
Redwood Harbor Overhead	35 0065	04-SM-101-5.5-RDWC	High	66.6606	1.016
MacArthur Avenue OC	37 0100	04-SCL-280-L5.18-SJS	High	54.4613	1.010
NH01-004 Connector OC	35 0081G	04-SM-101-5.30-RDWC	High	66.6606	1.009
NH1285 Connector Separation	37 0515G	04-SCL-017-0.24-LGT5	High	86.2137	1.008
San Francisco Creek	35 0013	04-SM-101-01	High	65.3678	1.007
NH087-0080 Connector Separation	37 0306H	04-SCL-087-5.1-SJS	High	50.5564	1.001
Blossom Hill Road OC	37 034L	04-SCL-082-R.35-SJS	Medium-High	40.4098	0.981
Harkins Slough Road OC	36 0080	05-SCR-001-R2.27-WAT	Medium-High	88.0788	0.938
Barrel Street Rv UC	37 0203L	04-SCL-280-F3.41-SJS	Medium-High	82.8978	0.899
Wood Street Rv UC	37 0203R	04-SCL-280-F3.41-SJS	Medium-High	82.8978	0.899

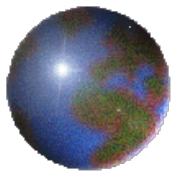
CISN Rapid Instrumental Intensity Map for Loma Prieta Earthquake

Tue Oct 17, 1989 05:04:00 PM PDT M 6.9 N37.04 W121.68 Depth: 18.0km ID:Loma_Prieta



PROCESSED: Thu Nov 6, 2003 06:58:05 AM PST,

PERCEIVED SHAKING	Not felt	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
POTENTIAL DAMAGE	none	none	none	Very light	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	Very Heavy
PEAK ACC (g)	< 0.1	0.1-1.4	1.4-3.9	3.9-9.2	9.2-18	18-34	34-65	65-124	> 124
PEAK VEL (cm/s)	< 0.1	0.1-1.1	1.1-3.4	3.4-8.1	8.1-16	16-31	31-60	60-116	> 116
INSTRUMENTAL INTENSITY	I	II-III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X+



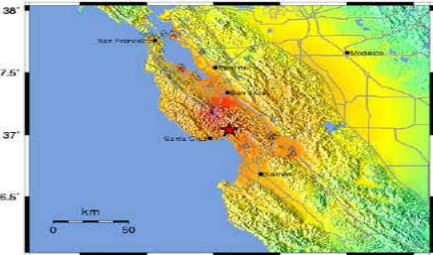
ShakeCast

Caltrans ShakeCast Server (C)
 ~Loren.Turner@dot.ca.gov~
 05/09/2008 11:18 AM
 To: Caltrans-ShakeCastAdmin@dot.ca.gov
 cc:
 bcc:
 Subject: BRIDGE ASSESSMENT: 6.9, 7 km NNE of Aptos, CA (Loma_Prieta_scte Version 1)

Caltrans ShakeCast Preliminary Earthquake Bridge Impact Report

This report supersedes any earlier reports about this event. This is a computer-generated message and has not yet been reviewed by an Engineer or Seismologist. Information about the epicenter, magnitude, location, date, and time are provided by the California Integrated Seismic Network (CISN). The analysis of potential bridge damage in this report is based upon an initial [ShakeMap](#) (unverified) and estimated fragilities for Caltrans bridges. Bridge fragility models were adopted from HAZUS and Basoz & Mander (1999). This report is intended to be used as a first response tool to assist in identifying Caltrans bridges most likely impacted by the event.

CISN ShakeMap for Loma Prieta Earthquake
 Tue Oct 17, 1989 00:04:00 PM PDT M 6.9 N37.64 W121.88 Depth: 16 km ID: Loma_Prieta



Map Version: 3 Processed Fri Oct 16, 2008 10:52:35 AM PDT - NOT REVIEWED BY HUMAN

PEAK	not set	Weak	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
10000	none	none	none	Very light	Light	Moderate	Moderate/Heavy	Heavy	Very Heavy
PEAK Acc (g)	0.07	0.17	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.2	1.8	2.5	3.5
PEAK Acc (m/s²)	0.7	1.7	3.0	5.0	8.0	12.0	18.0	25.0	35.0

Event Summary

Name: (Unnamed Event) , Version 1

Magnitude: 6.9
 ID: Loma_Prieta_scte-1
 Location: 7 km NNE of Aptos, CA
 Latitude: 37.04
 Longitude: -121.88
 Time: 1989-10-18 00:04:00 GMT

Downloads & Resources

Caltrans Intranet Links:

GoogleEarth KML files:
 (save to your computer as a KML file
 and open with GoogleEarth)

Bridge Assessment Summary

Maximum Peak 1.0 sec Spectral Acceleration: 105.3003%g

Maximum Acceleration: (not measured)

Total number of bridges assessed: 2030

Summary by inspection priority:

High 22 High Priority for full engineering assessment
Medium-High 107 Medium-High Priority for full engineering assessment
Medium 106 Medium Priority for full engineering assessment
Low 1795 Low Priority for full engineering assessment; quick visual inspection likely sufficient.

Bridge Assessment Details

Bridges presented in the table below are sorted in order of severity of impact to bridges.

Bridge Name	Bridge Number	Dist-City-Rte-PM	Inspection Priority	1sec Peak Spectral Acceleration (g)	Exceedance Ratio
Ralston Avenue OC	35 0114	04-SM-101-0.55-BMT	High	105.3003	2.934
Via Del Oro OH	37 0477L	04-SCL-085-1.22-SJS	High	49.2711	2.472
San Mateo-Hayward Bridge	35 0054	04-SM-092-R14.44-FSTC	High	49.6514	2.167
Constitution Way OC	33 0513K	04-ALA-260-R.86-ALA	High	68.2755	1.415
Meridian Road Underpass	37 0258	04-SCL-280-R3.80-SJS	High	59.9229	1.122
Campbell Underpass	37 0135	04-SCL-017-12.22-CMB	High	70.2112	1.087
East Hillsdale Blvd OC	35 0136	04-SM-101-11.15-SM	High	68.3762	1.071
Redwood Creek	35 0145	04-SM-101-6.2-RDWC	High	61.0924	1.064
Shob-Approach Lower Deck	34 0118R	04-SF-060-4.95-SF	High	33.2578	1.057
Holy Street OC	35 0037	04-SM-101-8.4	High	65.904	1.048
Route 1380 Separation (North)	33 0191G	04-ALA-013-13.92-BER	High	66.6766	1.046
Race Street Overcrossing	37 0260	04-SCL-280-R3.76-SJS	High	59.9229	1.045
Presidio Viaduct	34 0010	04-SF-010-9.14-SF	High	68.3123	1.035
South Delaware Street UC	35 0158L	04-SM-092-R11.61-SM	High	35.1822	1.030
South Delaware Street UC	35 0158R	04-SM-092-R11.61-SM	High	35.1822	1.030
Powell Street UC	33 0020	04-ALA-080-3.70-EMV	High	66.6766	1.020
Redwood Harbor Overhead	35 0065	04-SM-101-5.5-RDWC	High	56.8606	1.018
Macarthur Avenue OC	37 0100	04-SCL-280-L5.18-SJS	High	54.4613	1.012
N101-584 Connector OC	35 0081G	04-SM-101-5.39-RDWC	High	56.8606	1.009
N17-H85 Connector Separation	37 0515G	04-SCL-017-9.24-LGTB	High	66.2137	1.006
San Francisco Creek	35 0013	04-SM-101-0.1	High	55.3678	1.007
NAS87-5280 Connector	37 0366H	04-SCL-087-5.1-SJS	High	50.5564	1.001
Separation					
Blossom Hill Road OC	37 0345	04-SCL-082-R.35-SJS	Medium-High	49.4998	0.951
Harkins Slough Road OC	36 0080	05-SCR-001-R2.27-WAT	Medium-High	56.0768	0.938
Sumit Street Rr UC	37 0263L	04-SCL-280-R3.41-SJS	Medium-High	52.8978	0.909
Sumit Street Rr UC	37 0263R	04-SCL-280-R3.41-SJS	Medium-High	52.8978	0.909

Event Summary

Name: (Unnamed Event) , Version 1

Magnitude: 6.9

ID: Loma_Prieta_scte-1

Location: 7 km NNE of Aptos, CA

Latitude: 37.04

Longitude: -121.88

Time: 1989-10-18 00:04:00 GMT

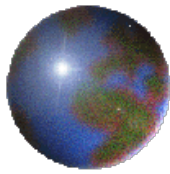
Downloads & Resources

Caltrans Intranet Links:

[Caltrans ShakeCast Intranet](#)
[Caltrans ShakeMap Products](#)

GoogleEarth KML files:
 (save to your computer as a KML file
 and open with GoogleEarth)

[ShakeCast Bridge Assessment](#)
[Statewide Bridge Inventory](#)
[Caltrans Real-time Traffic](#)
[USGS Real-time Earthquakes](#)



ShakeCast

Caltrans ShakeCast Server (C)
 -Loren.Turner@dot.ca.gov-
 05/09/2008 11:18 AM
 To: Caltrans-ShakeCastAdmin@dot.ca.gov
 cc:
 Re:
 Subject: BRIDGE ASSESSMENT: 6.9, 7 km NNE of Aptos, CA (Loma_Prieta_scte Version 1)

Caltrans ShakeCast Preliminary Earthquake Bridge Impact Report

This report supersedes any earlier reports about this event. This is a computer-generated message and has not yet been reviewed by an Engineer or Seismologist. Information about the epicenter, magnitude, location, date, and time are provided by the California Integrated Seismic Network (CISN). The analysis of potential bridge damage in this report is based upon an initial [ShakeMap](#) (unverified) and estimated fragilities for Caltrans bridges. Bridge fragility models were adopted from HAZUS and Basoz & Mander (1999). This report is intended to be used as a first response tool to assist in identifying Caltrans bridges most likely impacted by the event.

CISN ShakeMap for Loma Prieta Earthquake
 Tue Oct 17, 1989 05:04:00 PM PDT M 6.9 N37.04 W121.68 Depth: 15.0km ID: Loma_Prieta



Event Summary

Name: (Unnamed Event) - Version 1
 Magnitude: 6.9
 ID: Loma_Prieta_scte-1
 Location: 7 km NNE of Aptos, CA
 Latitude: 37.04
 Longitude: -121.86
 Time: 1989-10-18 00:04:00 GMT

Bridge Assessment Summary

Maximum Peak 1.0 sec Spectral Acceleration: 105.3603%g
 Maximum Acceleration: (not measured)
 Total number of bridges assessed: 2030
 Summary by inspection priority:
 High 22 High Priority for full engineering assessment
 Medium-High 107 Medium-High Priority for full engineering assessment
 Medium 106 Medium Priority for full engineering assessment
 Low 1795 Low Priority for full engineering assessment; quick visual inspection likely sufficient.

Bridge Assessment Details

Bridges presented in the table below are sorted in order of severity of impact to bridges.

Bridge Name	Bridge Number	Dist-Cty-Rte-PM	Inspection Priority	1sec Peak Spectral Acceleration (%g)	Exceedance Ratio
Ralston Avenue OC	35 0114	04-SM-101-9.55-BMT	High	105.3903	2.934
Via Del Oro OH	37 0477L	04-SCL-085-1.22-SJS	High	49.2711	2.472
San Mateo-Hayward Bridge	35 0054	04-SM-092-R14.44-FSTC	High	49.6514	2.167
Constitution Way OC	33 0513K	04-ALA-260-R.86-ALA	High	68.2755	1.415
Meridian Road Underpass	37 0258	04-SCL-280-R3.89-SJS	High	59.9229	1.122
Campbell Underpass	37 0135	04-SCL-017-12.22-CMB	High	70.2112	1.087
East Hillside Blvd OC	35 0138	04-SM-101-11.15-SM	High	68.3762	1.071
Redwood Creek	35 0145	04-SM-101-6.2-RDWC	High	61.0924	1.064
Stobb-Approach Lower Deck	34 0118R	04-SF-080-4.95-SF	High	33.2578	1.057
Holly Street OC	35 0037	04-SM-101-8.4	High	65.904	1.048
Route 13/80 Separation (North)	33 0191G	04-ALA-013-13.92-BER	High	66.6766	1.046
Race Street Overcrossing	37 0260	04-SCL-280-R3.76-SJS	High	59.9229	1.045
Presidio Viaduct	34 0019	04-SF-101-9.14-SF	High	68.3123	1.035
South Delaware Street UC	35 0158L	04-SM-092-R11.61-SM	High	35.1822	1.030
South Delaware Street UC	35 0158R	04-SM-092-R11.61-SM	High	35.1822	1.030
Powell Street UC	33 0020	04-ALA-080-3.79-EMV	High	66.6766	1.020
Redwood Harbor Overhead	35 0065	04-SM-101-5.5-RDWC	High	56.8606	1.018
Macarthur Avenue OC	37 0100	04-SCL-280-L5.18-SJS	High	54.4613	1.012
N101-S84 Connector OC	35 0081G	04-SM-101-5.39-RDWC	High	56.8606	1.009
N17-N85 Connector Separation	37 0515G	04-SCL-017-9.24-LGTS	High	86.2137	1.008
San Francisco Creek	35 0013	04-SM-101-.01	High	55.3678	1.007
N&S87-S280 Connector Separation	37 0396H	04-SCL-087-5.1-SJS	High	50.5564	1.001
Blossom Hill Road OC	37 0345	04-SCL-082-R.35-SJS	Medium-High	49.4998	0.951
Harkins Slough Road OC	36 0089	05-SCR-001-R2.27-WAT	Medium-High	56.0768	0.938
Sunol Street Rr UC	37 0263L	04-SCL-280-R3.41-SJS	Medium-High	52.8878	0.909
Sunol Street Rr UC	37 0263R	04-SCL-280-R3.41-SJS	Medium-High	52.8878	0.909

Bridge Assessment Summary

Maximum Peak 1.0 sec Spectral Acceleration: 105.3603%g

Maximum Acceleration: (not measured)

Total number of bridges assessed: 2030

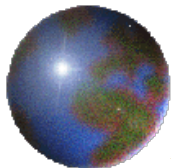
Summary by inspection priority:

High	22	High Priority for full engineering assessment
Medium-High	107	Medium-High Priority for full engineering assessment
Medium	106	Medium Priority for full engineering assessment
Low	1795	Low Priority for full engineering assessment; quick visual inspection likely sufficient.

Bridge Assessment Details

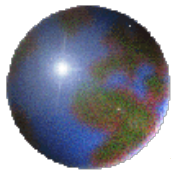
Bridges presented in the table below are sorted in order of severity of impact to bridges.

Bridge Name	Bridge Number	Dist-Cty-Rte-PM	Inspection Priority	1sec Peak Spectral Acceleration (%g)	Exceedance Ratio
Ralston Avenue OC	35 0114	04-SM-101-9.55-BMT	High	105.3903	2.934
Via Del Oro OH	37 0477L	04-SCL-085-1.22-SJS	High	49.2711	2.472
San Mateo-Hayward Bridge	35 0054	04-SM-092-R14.44-FSTC	High	49.6514	2.167
Constitution Way OC	33 0513K	04-ALA-260-R.86-ALA	High	68.2755	1.415
Meridian Road Underpass	37 0258	04-SCL-280-R3.89-SJS	High	59.9229	1.122
Campbell Underpass	37 0135	04-SCL-017-12.22-CMB	High	70.2112	1.087
East Hillside Blvd OC	35 0138	04-SM-101-11.15-SM	High	68.3762	1.071
Redwood Creek	35 0145	04-SM-101-6.2-RDWC	High	61.0924	1.064
Stobb-Approach Lower Deck	34 0118R	04-SF-080-4.95-SF	High	33.2578	1.057
Holly Street OC	35 0037	04-SM-101-8.4	High	65.904	1.048
Route 13/80 Separation (North)	33 0191G	04-ALA-013-13.92-BER	High	66.6766	1.046
Race Street Overcrossing	37 0260	04-SCL-280-R3.76-SJS	High	59.9229	1.045
Presidio Viaduct	34 0019	04-SF-101-9.14-SF	High	68.3123	1.035
South Delaware Street UC	35 0158L	04-SM-092-R11.61-SM	High	35.1822	1.030
South Delaware Street UC	35 0158R	04-SM-092-R11.61-SM	High	35.1822	1.030
Powell Street UC	33 0020	04-ALA-080-3.79-EMV	High	66.6766	1.020
Redwood Harbor Overhead	35 0065	04-SM-101-5.5-RDWC	High	56.8606	1.018
Macarthur Avenue OC	37 0100	04-SCL-280-L5.18-SJS	High	54.4613	1.012
N101-S84 Connector OC	35 0081G	04-SM-101-5.39-RDWC	High	56.8606	1.009
N17-N85 Connector Separation	37 0515G	04-SCL-017-9.24-LGTS	High	86.2137	1.008
San Francisco Creek	35 0013	04-SM-101-.01	High	55.3678	1.007
N&S87-S280 Connector Separation	37 0396H	04-SCL-087-5.1-SJS	High	50.5564	1.001
Blossom Hill Road OC	37 0345	04-SCL-082-R.35-SJS	Medium-High	49.4998	0.951
Harkins Slough Road OC	36 0089	05-SCR-001-R2.27-WAT	Medium-High	56.0768	0.938
Sunol Street Rr UC	37 0263L	04-SCL-280-R3.41-SJS	Medium-High	52.8878	0.909
Sunol Street Rr UC	37 0263R	04-SCL-280-R3.41-SJS	Medium-High	52.8878	0.909



Field Inspection

SM&I Earthquake Field Damage Report		9/22/14
SM&I Disaster Command Center - Email: smidcc@dot.ca.gov Phone: (888) 893-9974		
Bridge Number: _____	Date: _____	Time (24hr): _____
Bridge Name: _____		
Inspector 1: _____	Inspector 2: _____	
Unit: _____	Phone No: _____	Unit: _____ Phone No: _____
Current Status:		
1 ☐ Open 2 ☐ Open with Shoring 3 ☐ Closed / Can Be Open 4 ☐ Closed		
Restrictions: (Select all that apply)		
5 ☐ No Restrictions 9 ☐ No Permit Loads		
6 ☐ Operational 10 ☐ Traffic Control Required for Repair		
7 ☐ Structural 11 ☐ Lane Usage Restrictions		
8 ☐ Investigate / Repair Prior to Open		
Damage:		15 Damage Summary:
12 ☐ Damage		
13 ☐ No Damage		
14 ☐ No Additional Damage		
Repair Cost Estimates:		
16 ☐ None 17 ☐ Low <\$5k 18 ☐ Med \$5-50k 19 ☐ Med-High \$50-100k 20 ☐ High >100k		
21 Detailed Cost Estimates: \$ _____		
Feature Damage: (Detailed Distress)		
Approach Roadway:		
Approach Slabs:		
Superstructure:		
Wingwalls and Rails:		
Abutments:		
Expansion Joints:		
Hinges:		
Shear Keys:		
Bearings:		
Columns/Pier Caps:		
Foundation/Piles:		
Retrofit:		
Other _____:		



Field Inspection

EMERGENCY RESPONSE INSPECTION



Affix this sticker to the RIGHT BRIDGE RAILING next to the BRIDGE NAME/NUMBER LOCATION

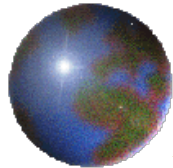
DATE: _____ TIME: _____ BY: _____ PH#: _____
(INITIALS ONLY)

DATE: _____ TIME: _____ BY: _____ PH#: _____
(INITIALS ONLY)

DATE: _____ TIME: _____ BY: _____ PH#: _____
(INITIALS ONLY)

ANY BRIDGE CONCERNS CONTACT:

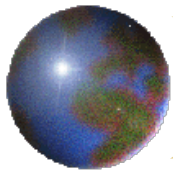
STRUCTURE MAINTENANCE AND INVESTIGATIONS (888) 893-9974



SMART

Structures Maintenance Automated Report Transmittal System

- *Introduced in 1997. Currently Version 2, 2002*
- *Integrated Oracle Form Application database*
- *Compatible with NBIS, National Bridge Inspection Standards, coding guides & data reporting requirements*
- *Consistent with the design of the AASHTOWare® Pontis® Bridge Management System database*
- *Supports the entire cycle of bridge management, including Inventory, Inspection and Project and Program Development*
- *Used on Bridge Routine Inspection, Specialized Inspections, Hydraulics, Load Rating & Project Development*



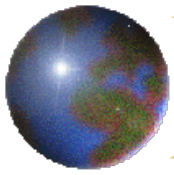
BIRIS

Bridge Inspection Records Information System

Provides an interface to as-built plans, inspection reports, and other documents pertaining to transportation structures in the state of California. The system currently contains over 950,000 documents.

RECORD TYPE AND SEARCH CRITERIA

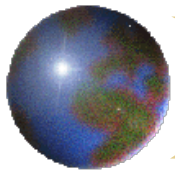
1 CHOOSE RECORD TYPE	2 SELECT SEARCH CRITERIA
☒ Active Bridge Inventory ☐ All Records (Active + Inactive) ☐ New Bridges (Not Yet Inspected) ☐ Obsolete Structures ☐ Other Record Types Buried Hazards - 1 Earth Retaining Structures - 108 Maintenance Stations - 341 Pump Plants - 356 Roadside Rests - 100 Scale Facilities - 65 Transit Facilities - 24	Bridge Number Bridge Number Contract Number Having Document Type Yr Built 0 No Preference Search



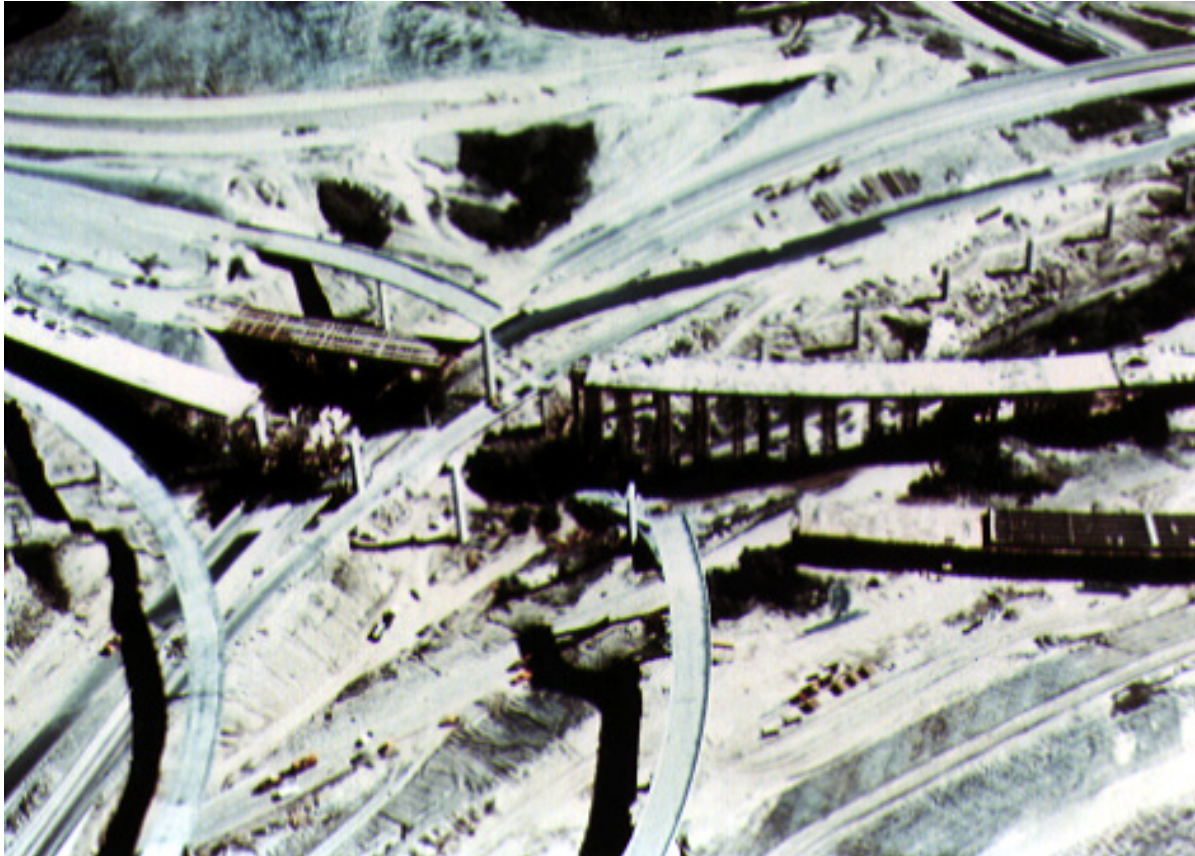
San Fernando Earthquake, 1971

*Route 210/5
Interchange*

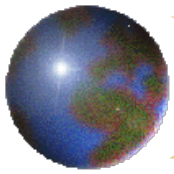




San Fernando Earthquake, 1971



Route 14/5 Interchange

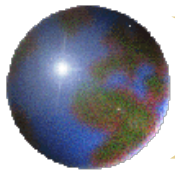


San Fernando Earthquake Rte. 210/5 Separation & OH

Anchorage Failure at Base of Column



Lap Splices at Base or Lack of Development
into the Footing

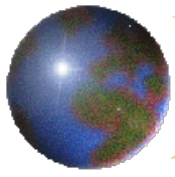


San Fernando Earthquake

Route 5/210 Interchange - Foothill Blvd. UP



Non-ductile failure: Lack of Confinement Resulted in Rapid Loss of Section and Consequently, Rapid Loss of Strength.

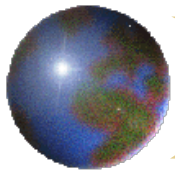


San Fernando Earthquake

San Fernando Road OH (Route 210)



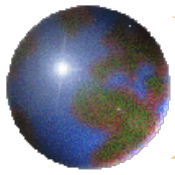
Lack of Confinement



San Fernando Earthquake, 1971

San Fernando Rd. OH, Loss of Girder Support

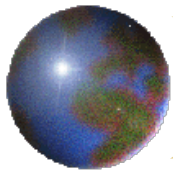




San Fernando Earthquake, 1971

*Balboa Blvd. OC, South
Abut Failure in Shear of
Superstructure and End
Diaphragm at Soffit*



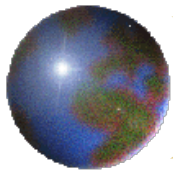


San Fernando Earthquake, 1971



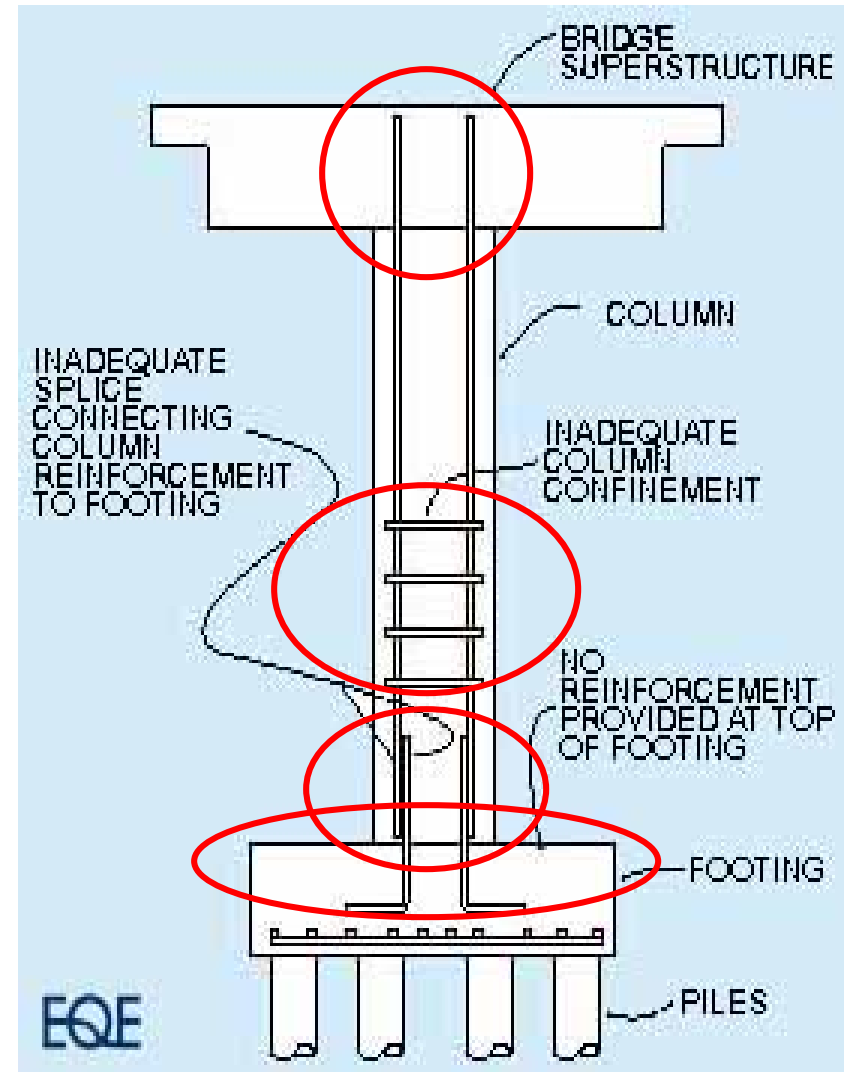
210 Interchange

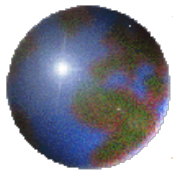
*Wingwall Damage at
Abutment*



Pre 1971 Caltrans Column Details

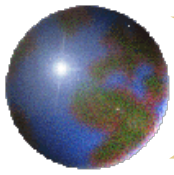
- *Non-ductile details built by Caltrans had four main structural problems:*
 - *Lack of confinement. (#4 @ 12" ties)*
 - *Lap splice at the base of the column*
 - *No top mat in footing*
 - *Inadequate rebar development into the superstructure*





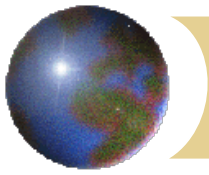
Earthquake Damage to Bridge

- *Superstructure*
 - *Loss of Girder Support*
 - *Rotation due to High Skew*
- *Substructure*
 - *Column Flexural Failure*
 - *Column Shear Failure*
 - *Column Anchorage Failure*
- *Abutments*
 - *Abutment Movement/Failure*
 - *Approach Settlement*
- *Foundations*
 - *Ground Movements*
 - *Liquefaction*



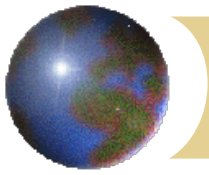
Retrofit Approach

- *Collapse prevention by:*
 - *providing sufficient seat for displacement*
 - *allowing max ductility in the supporting members (columns)*



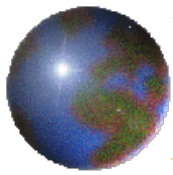
Column Retrofit

- *Most common type of retrofit*
- *Previous design approach relies heavily on column's inelastic capacity for ductile response*

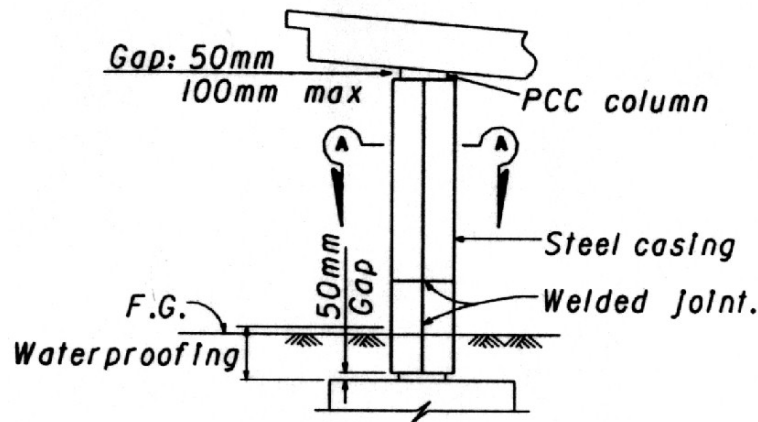


Steel Column Casings

- *Most Common Type of Column Retrofit*
- *Increase Flexural Ductility Capacity*
- *Develop Flexural Capacity of Existing Lap Splices*
- *Increase Shear Capacity*

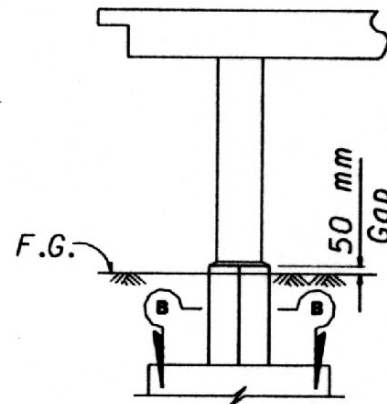


Column Retrofit-Steel Column Casings



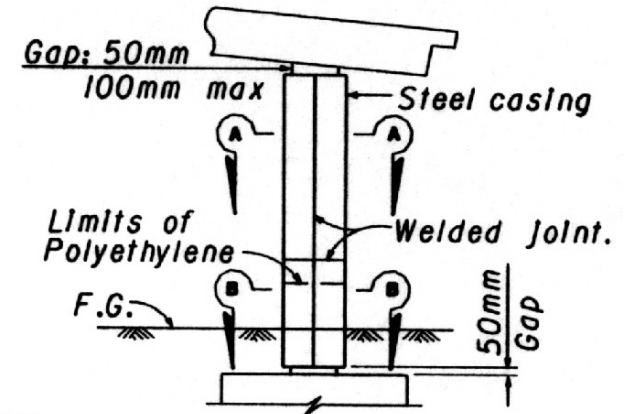
CLASS F COLUMN

Fixed-Fixed



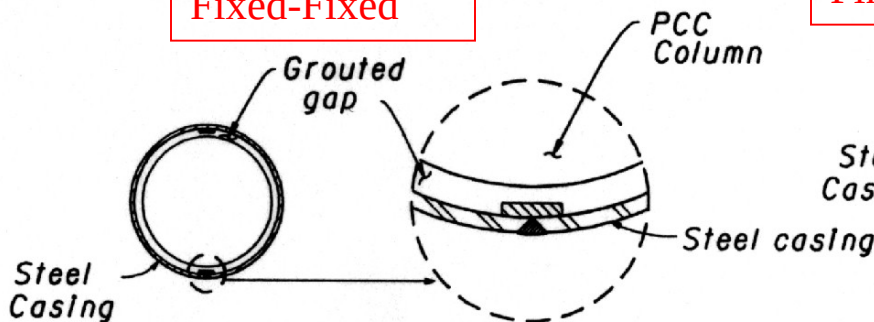
CLASS P COLUMN

Pinned base

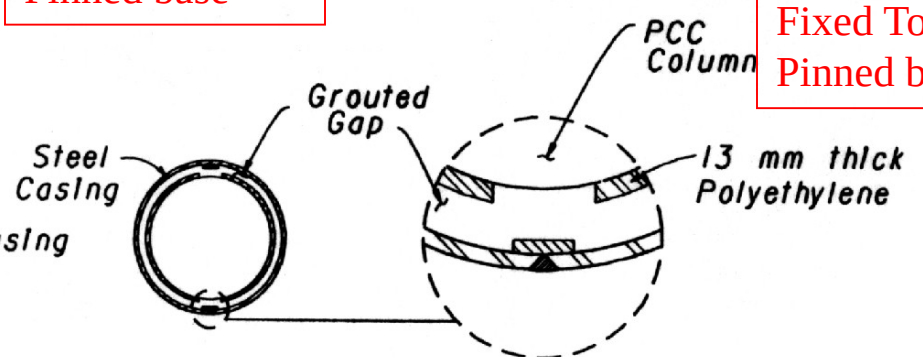


CLASS P/F COLUMN

Fixed Top-
Pinned base

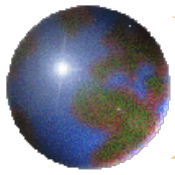


**SECTION A-A
ROUND COLUMN**



**SECTION B-B
ROUND COLUMN**

Steel Shell Encased Around Existing Column-Filled With Grout

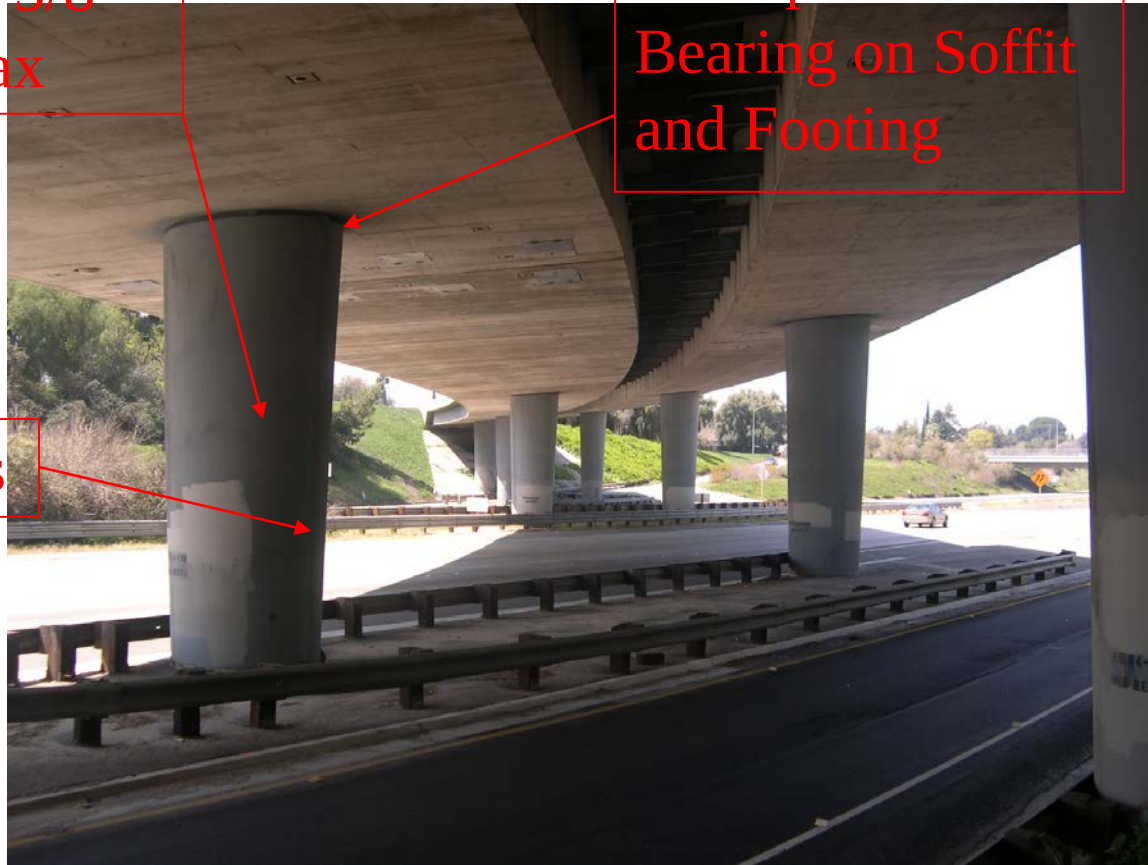


Column Retrofit-Steel Column Casings

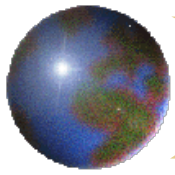
Thickness $5/8''$
min-1" max

2" Gap-Prevent
Bearing on Soffit
and Footing

Weld Seams

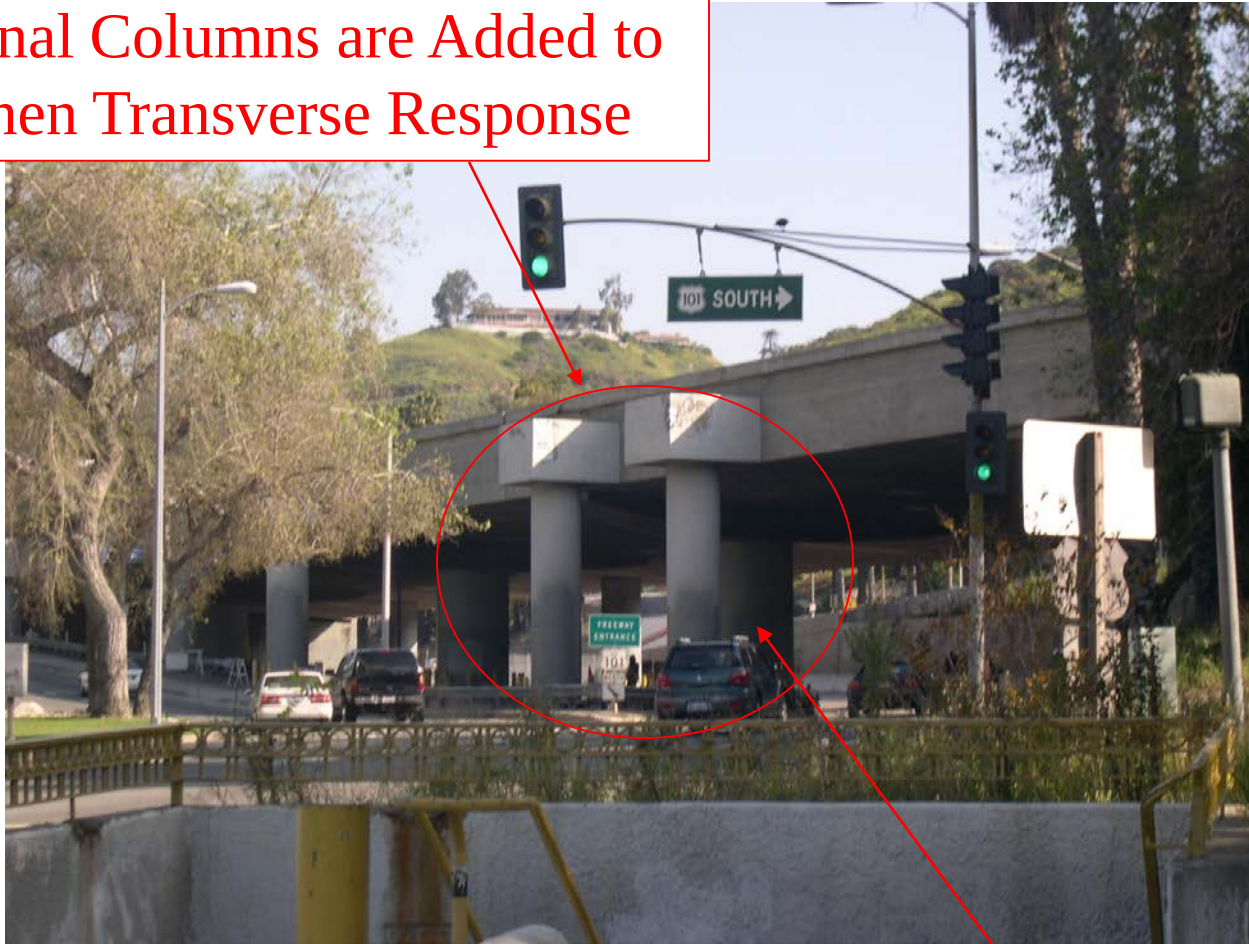


Common Shapes are Circular and Elliptical

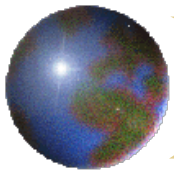


Column Addition

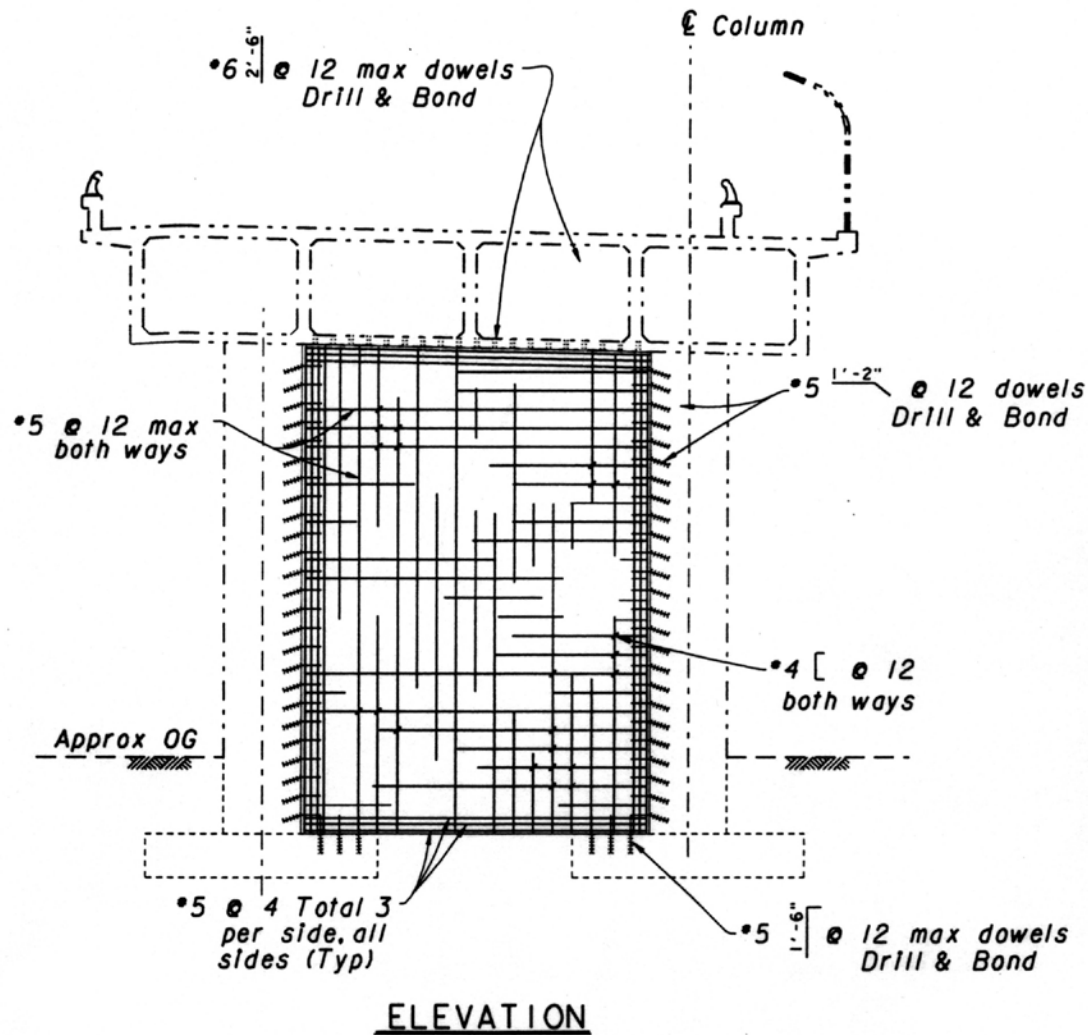
Additional Columns are Added to Strengthen Transverse Response



Originally a Single Column Bent



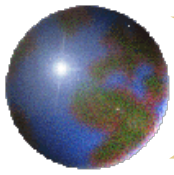
In-Fill Wall



Improves
Stability in
Transverse
Direction

Acts Like a Shear
Wall

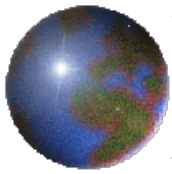
RC Wall Securing Two Adjacent Columns Together



In-Fill Wall



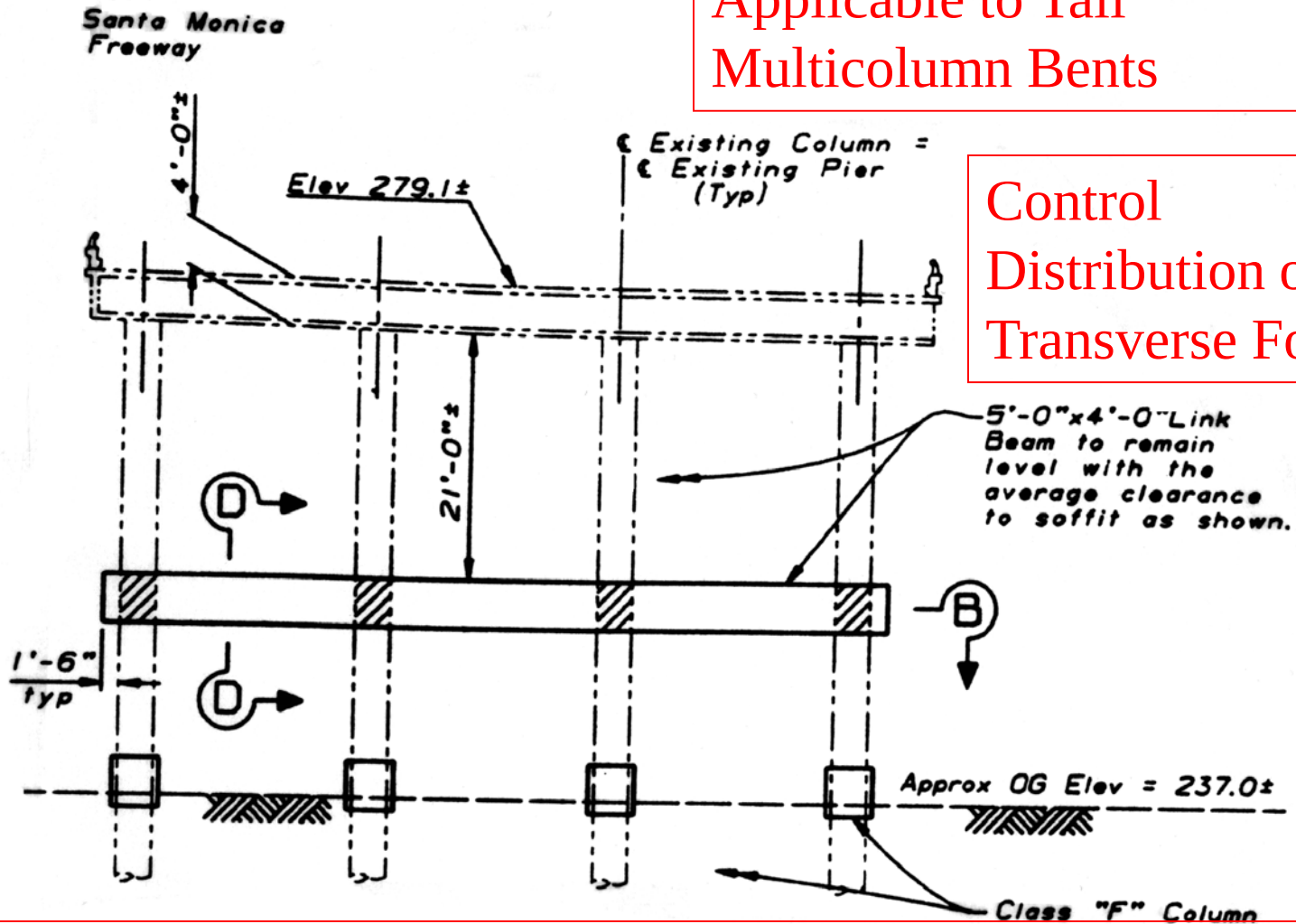
Not all bents are retrofitted-
Minimum one bent per frame



Link Beam Retrofit

Applicable to Tall
Multicolumn Bents

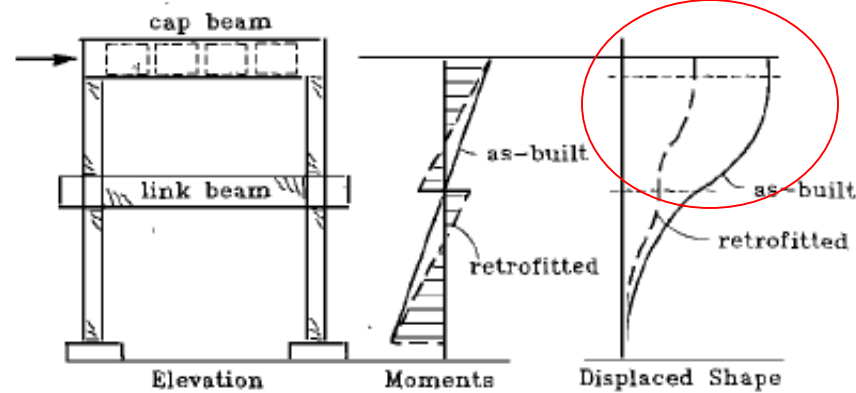
Control
Distribution of
Transverse Forces



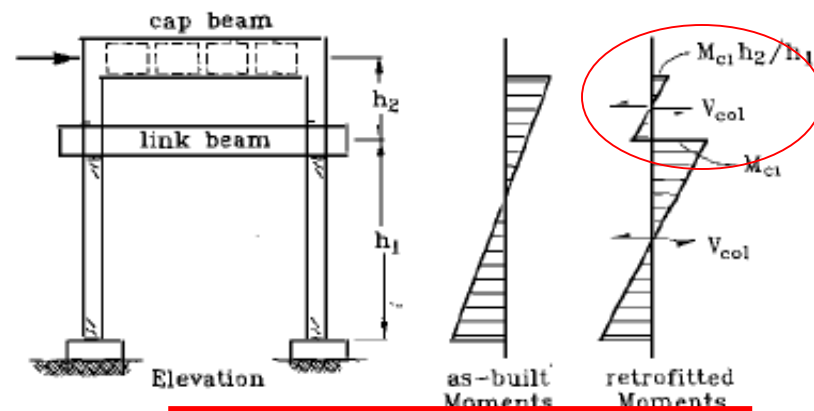
Beam Element Connected to Columns Within a Bent



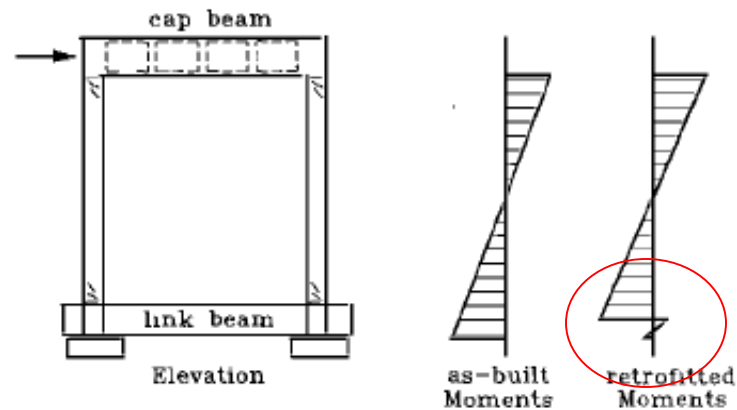
Link Beam Retrofit



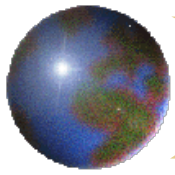
(a) Retrofit for reduced displacements.



(b) Retrofit for reduced cap beam forces.



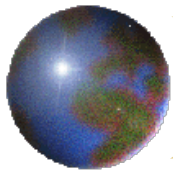
(c) Retrofit for reduced footing forces.



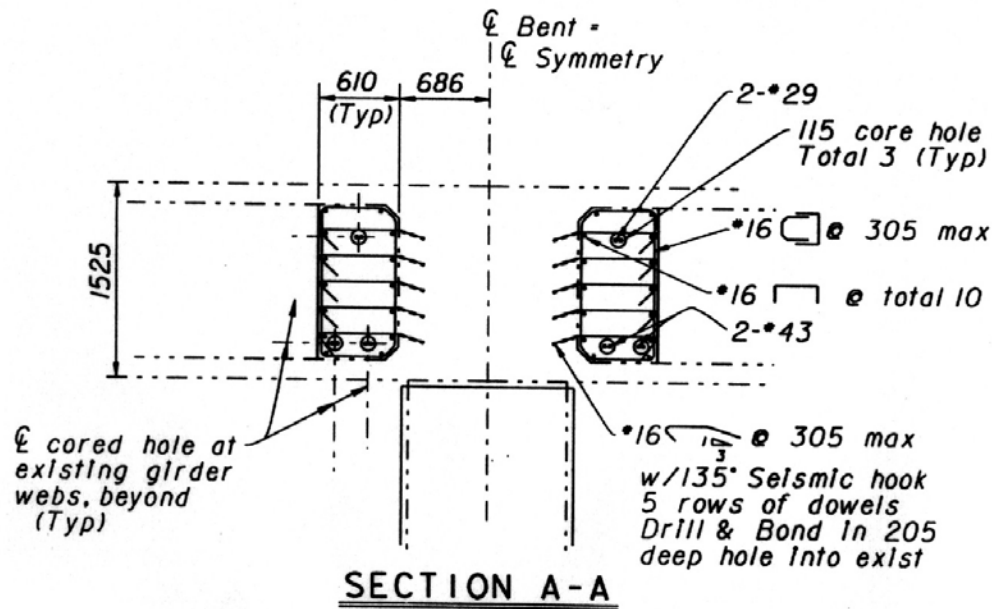
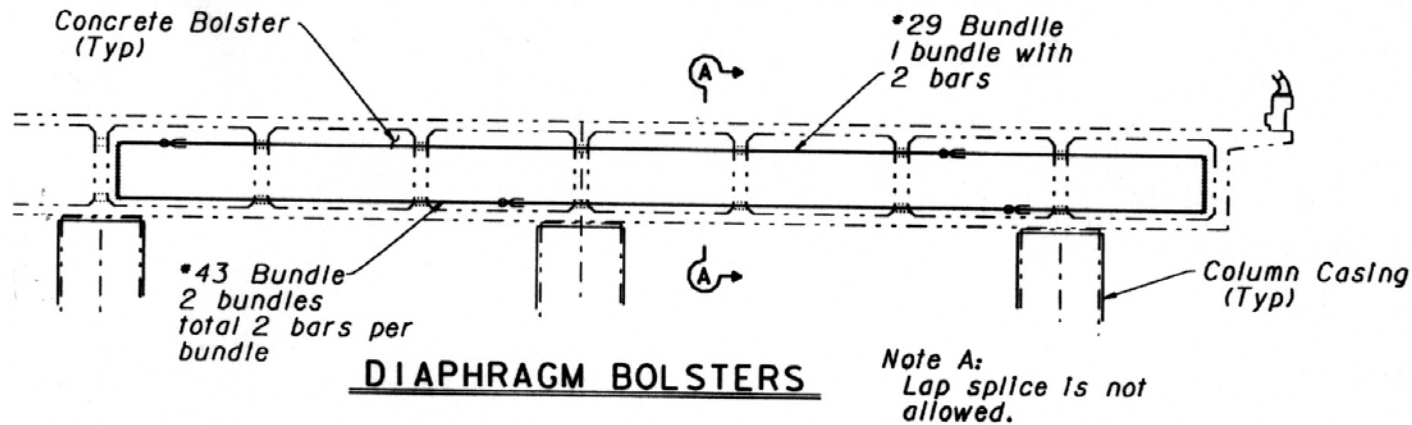
Link Beam Retrofit



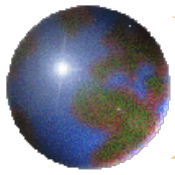
Retrofitted for Reduced Cap Beam Forces



Bent Cap Retrofit



Additional
Strength to
Ensure Elastic
Response of
Bent Cap

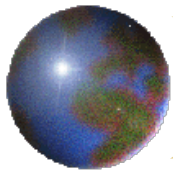


Bent Cap Retrofit in Progress

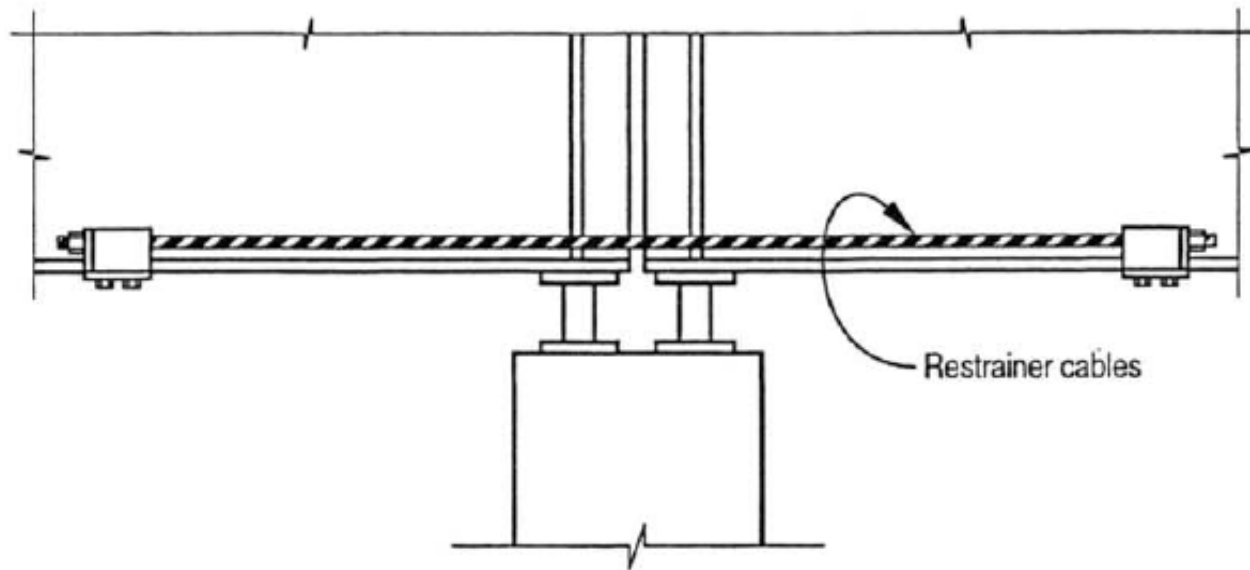


Uses High Strength
Threaded Bars

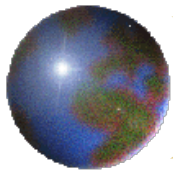
Access Openings at All
Bays Indicates Retrofit
Work



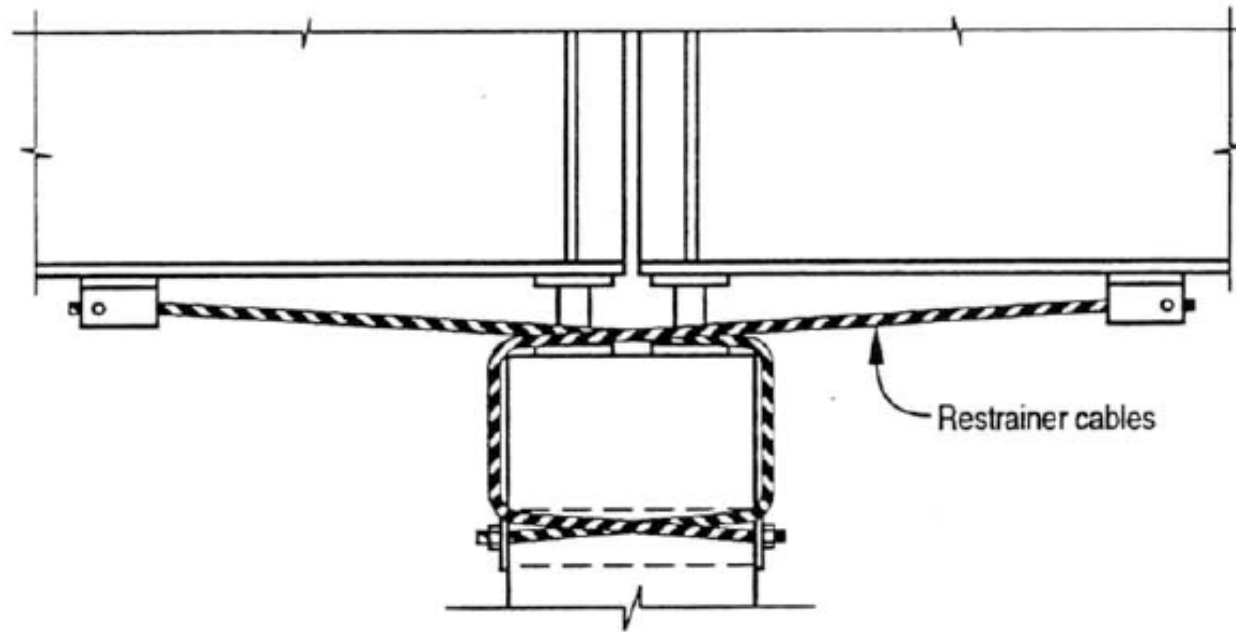
Cable Restrainer



Prevent girders from falling off their supports

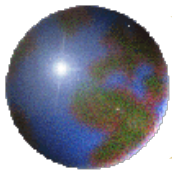


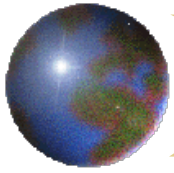
Cable Restrainer

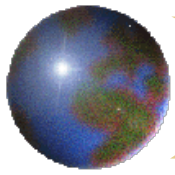


Preferred detail

- Tied into bent cap
- Each girder is tied independently







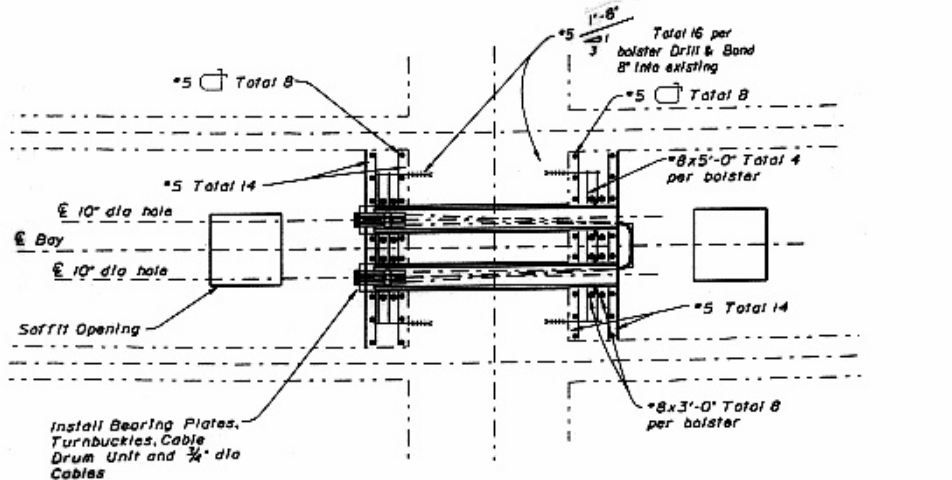
Hinge Retrofit



Unseating of Hinge
Seat Leads to Collapse

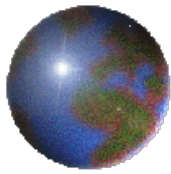
Northridge Earthquake 1994, M 6.8

Gavin Canyon Undercrossing – Year Designed: 1965

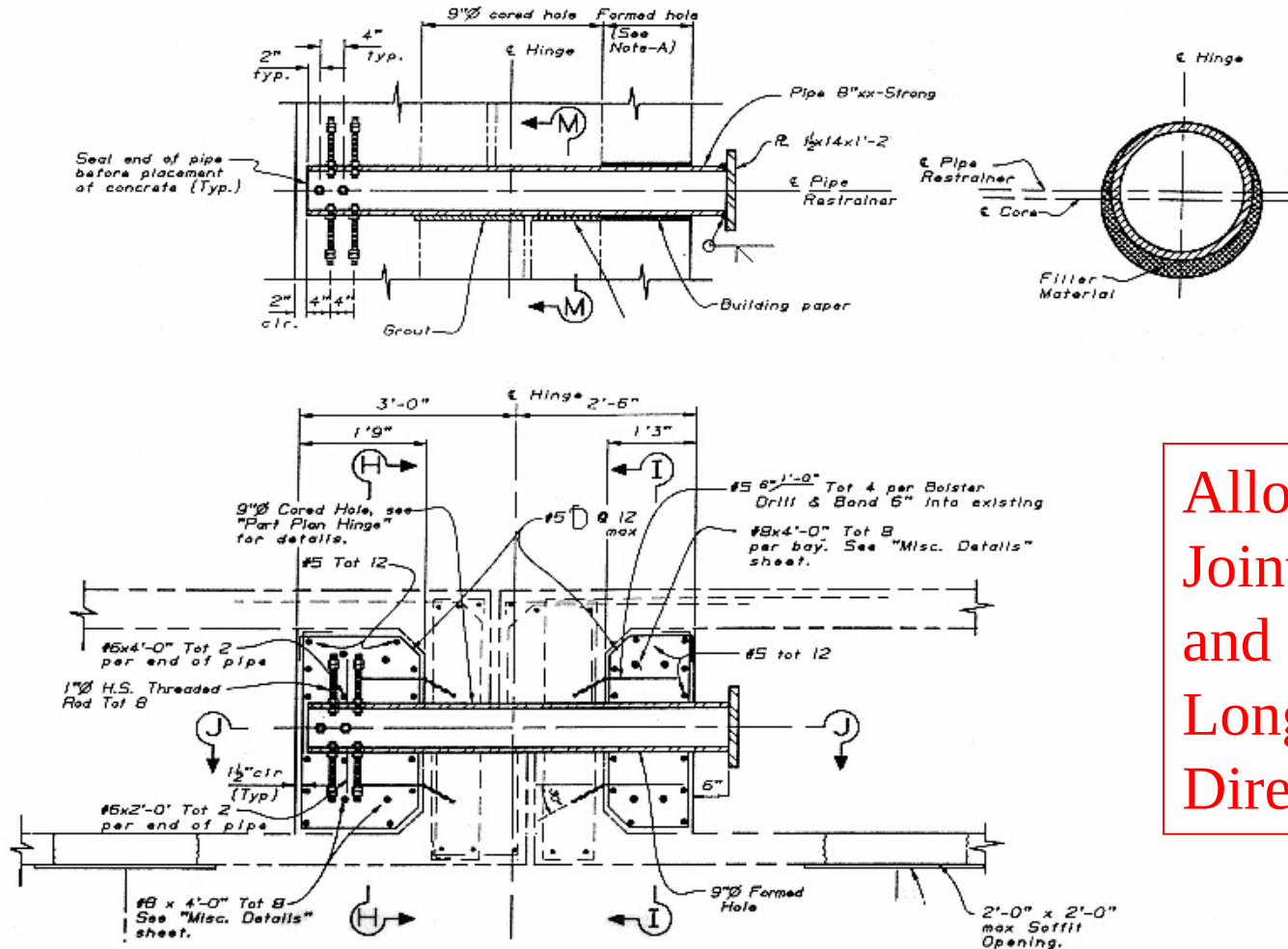


**Install Bearing Plates,
Turnbuckles, Cable
Drum Unit and $\frac{3}{4}$ " dia
Cables**

Uses Cables
Anchored to One
Side to Prevent
Hinge From
Unseating

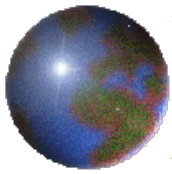


Hinge Retrofit-Pipe Seat Extender



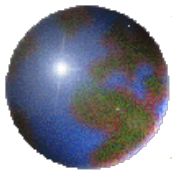
Allows Hinge Joint to Open and Close in Longitudinal Direction

Uses Steel Pipe Anchored to One Side of Hinge

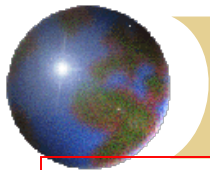


Old way-seat width~8-12”





New way-Seat
width=24"min

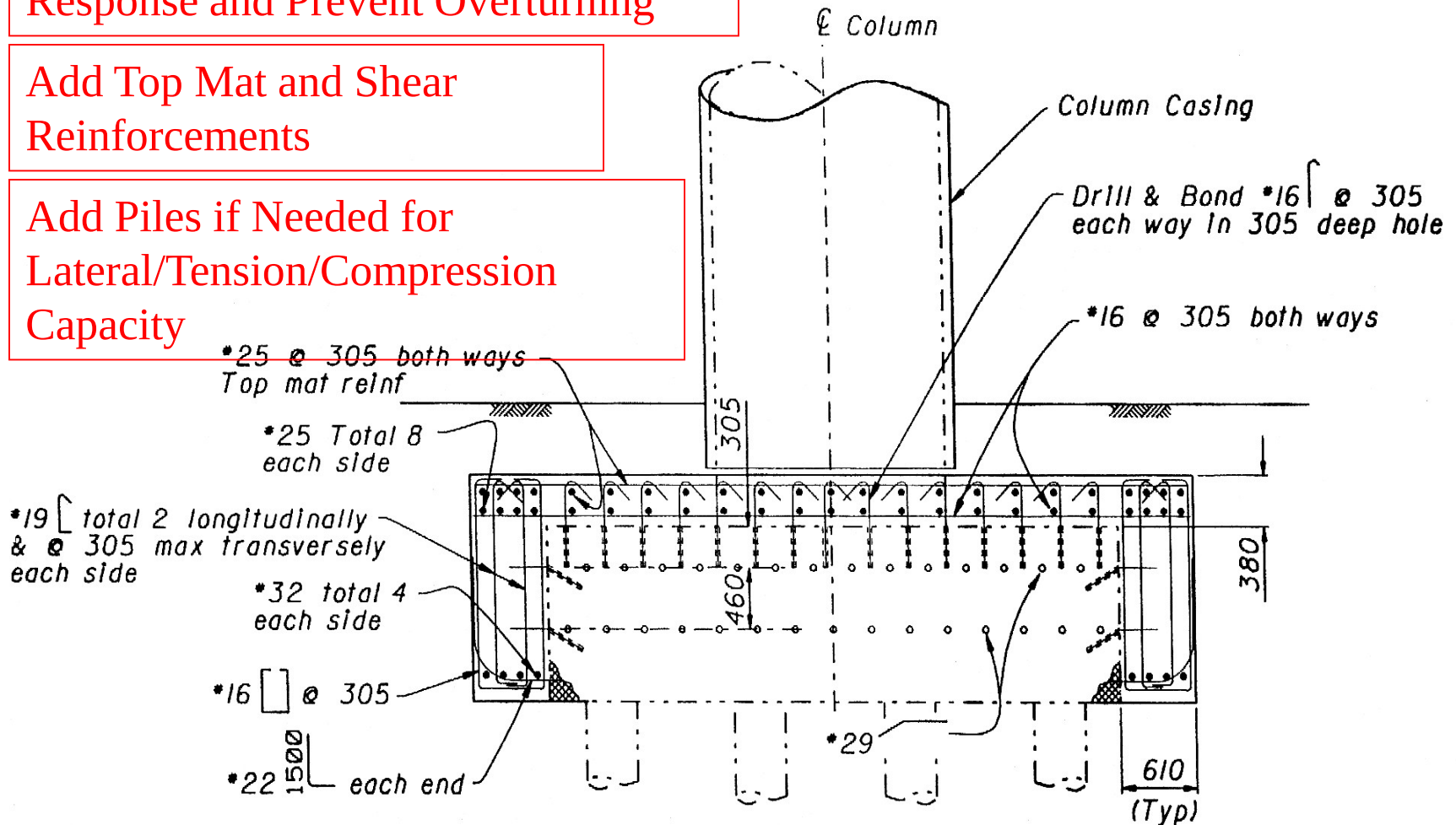


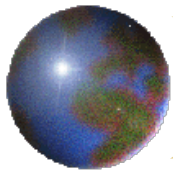
Footing Retrofit

Enlarge Footing to Ensure Elastic Response and Prevent Overturning

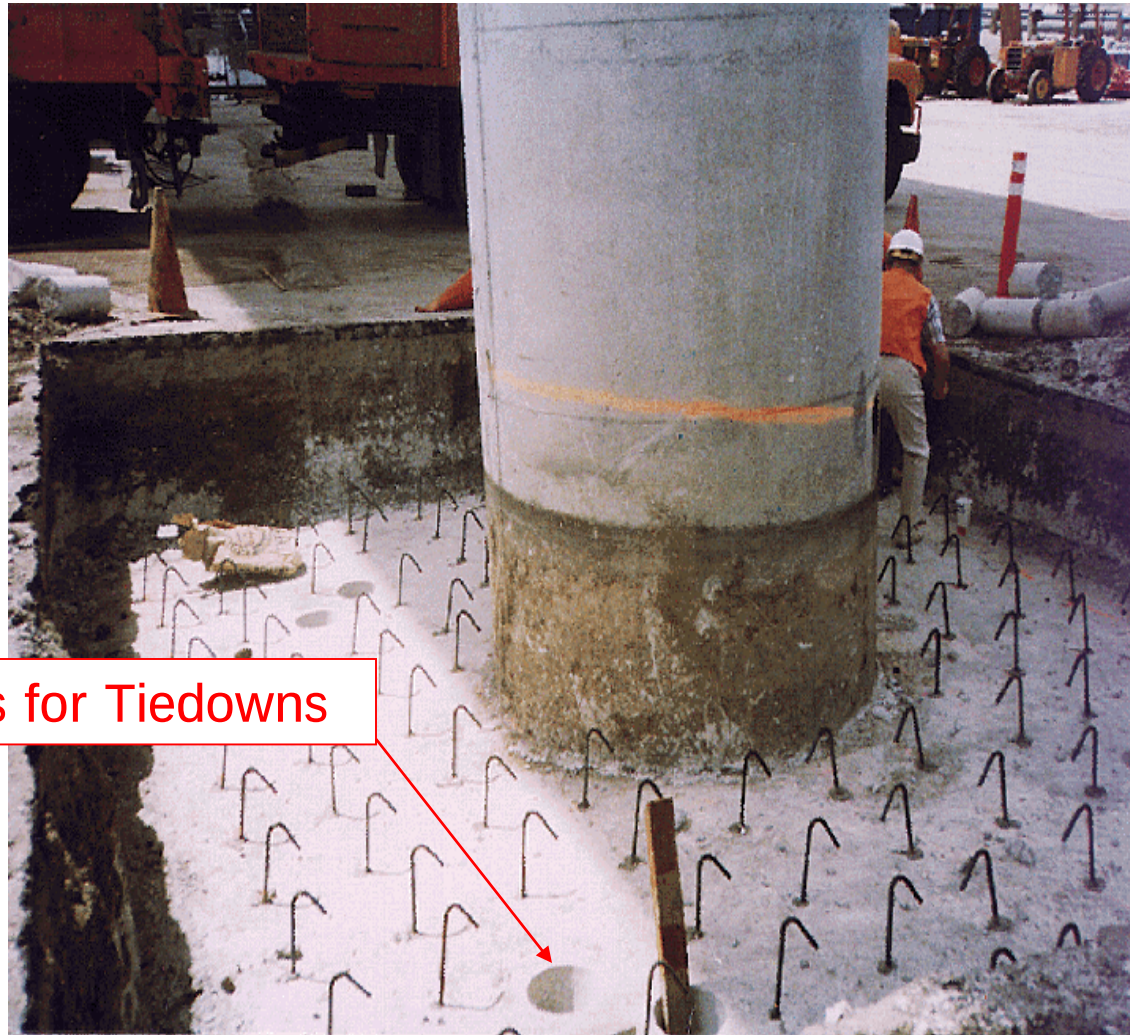
Add Top Mat and Shear Reinforcements

Add Piles if Needed for Lateral/Tension/Compression Capacity



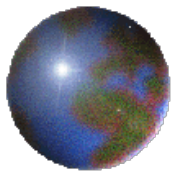


Footing Retrofit

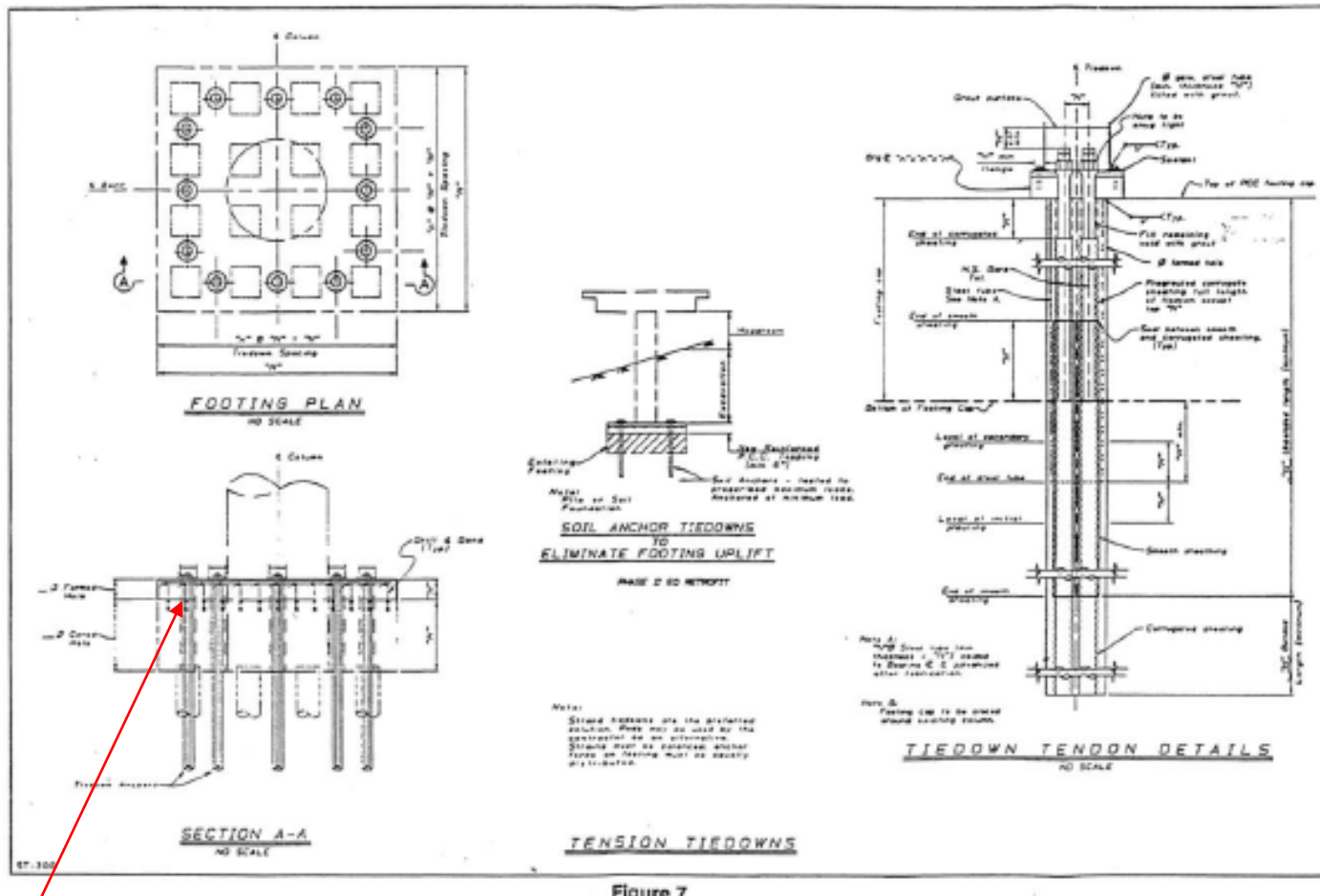


Cored Holes for Tiedowns

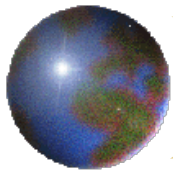
Generally, Footing Retrofits are the Most Expensive



Footing Retrofit-Tiedown Anchors



Uses Prestressed Anchors to Prevent Footing from Uplifting



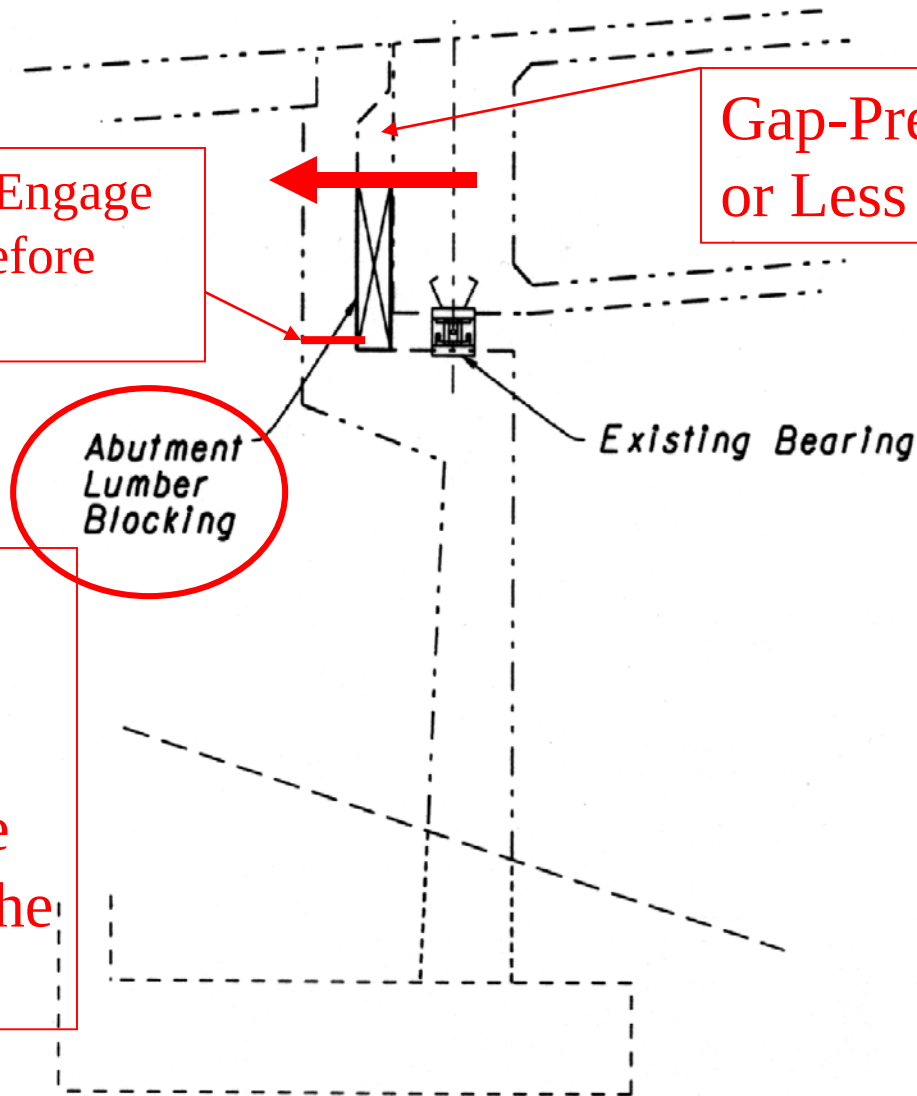
Abutment Retrofit-Fill up Gap Behind Superstructure

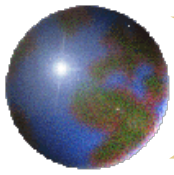
Superstructure Should Engage and Break Backwall Before Damage to Columns

Gap-Preferred 2" or Less

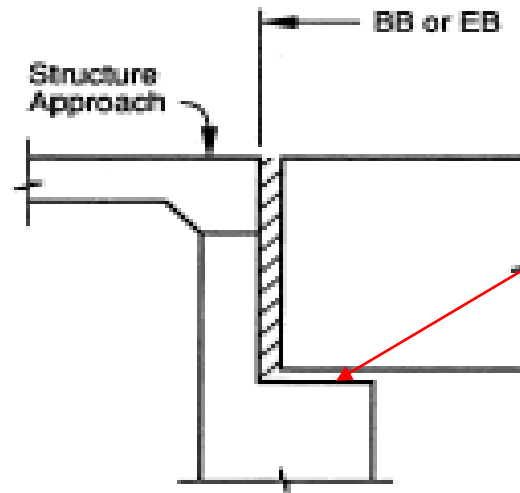
Abutment
Lumber
Blocking

Soil Behind Abutment is Mobilized and Absorbs Earthquake Loads Away From the Bents

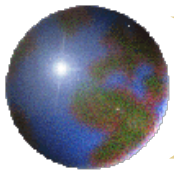




Abutment Seat

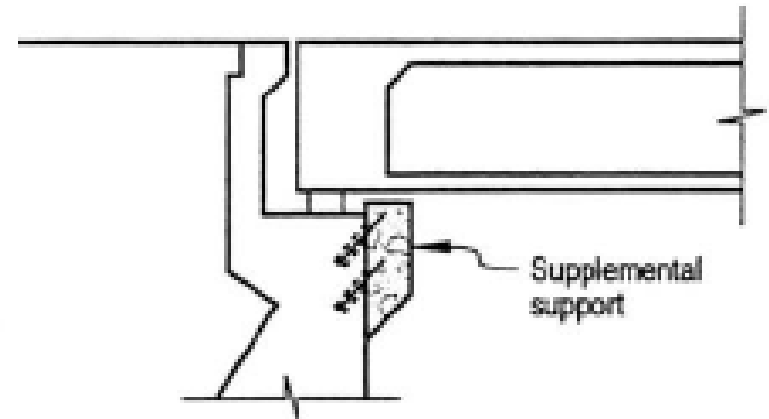
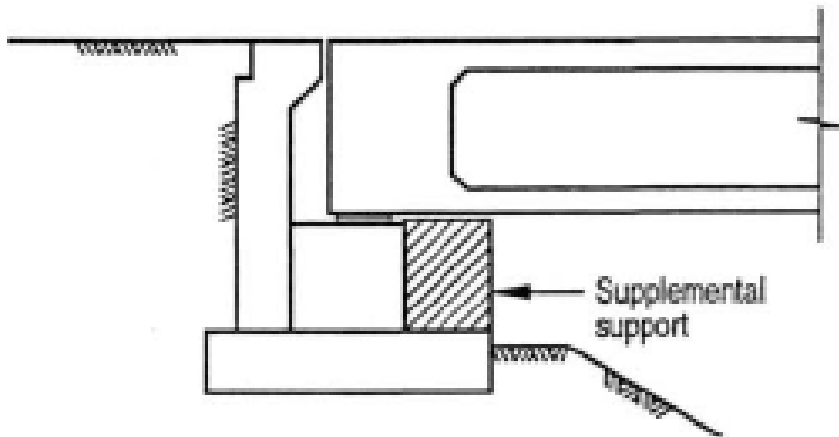


New Design-
30" Min

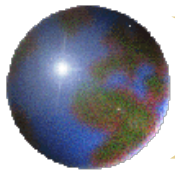


Abutment Retrofit

For Existing Bridge, Addition
Seat Width May be Required

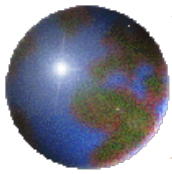


Seat Extender

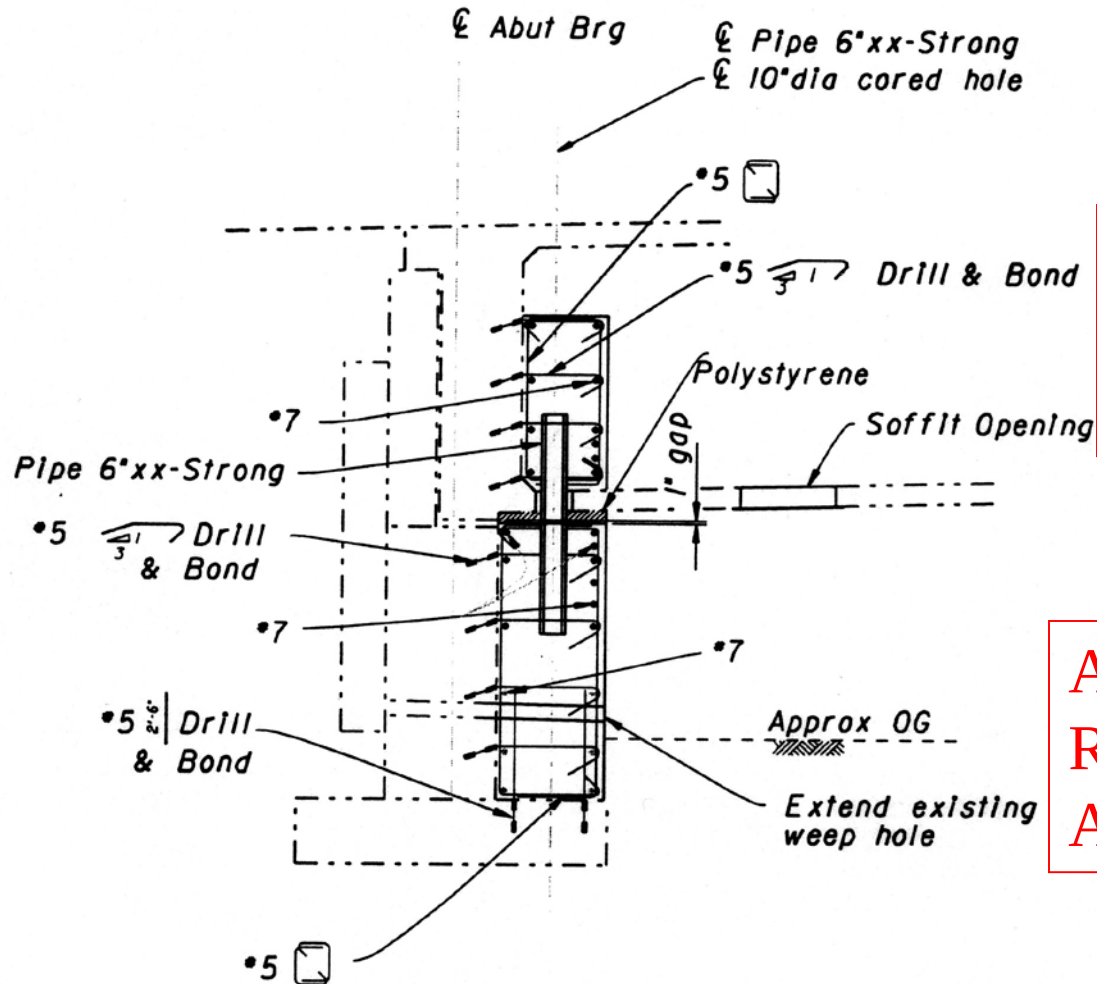


Abutment Retrofit





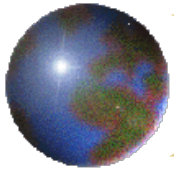
Abutment Retrofit-Vertical Pipe Seat Extender



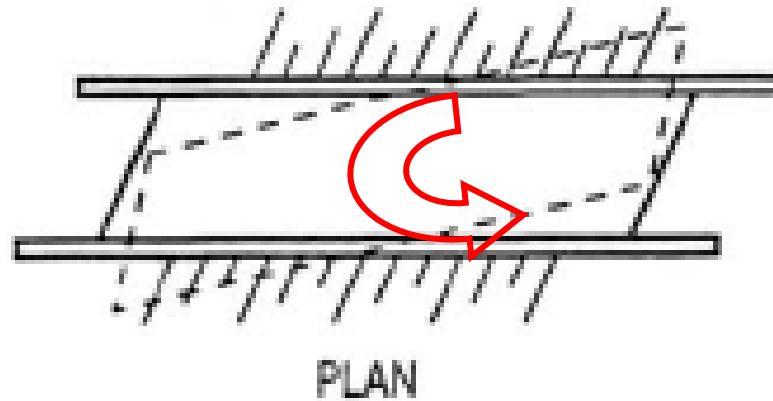
Prevents
Unseating at
Abutment

Additional
Restraint to
Abutment

VERTICAL PIPE SEAT EXTENDER

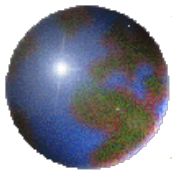


Abutment Retrofit-High Skew Bridges



Tendency to Rotate Could Lead to
Excessive Displacements at Abutments

- Unseating at the Abutment
Leads to Collapse



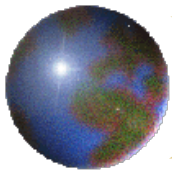
Abutment Retrofit-High Skew Bridges



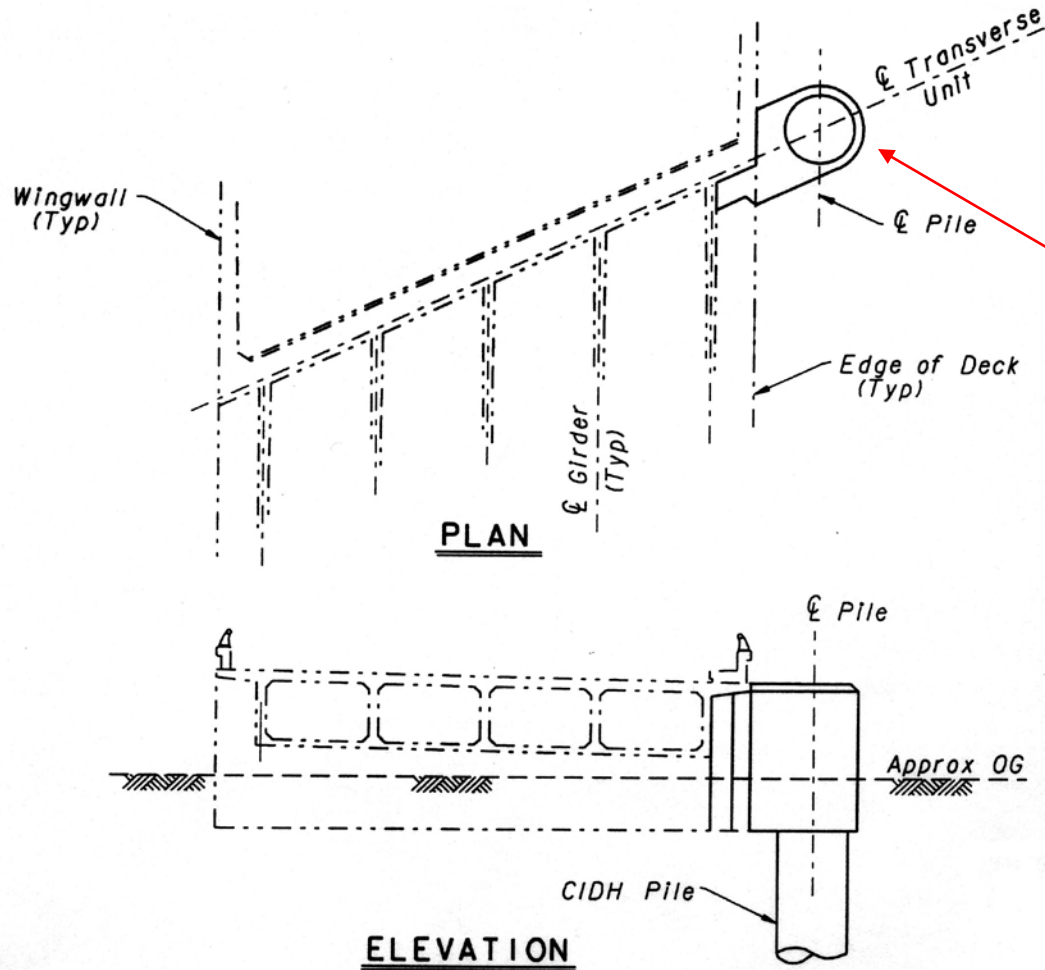
Excessive Displacement
Due to Rotation



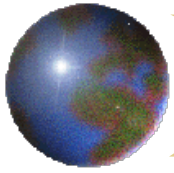
Collapse of Superstructure



Abutment Retrofit-High Skew Bridges

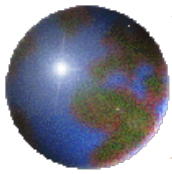


Provide
External
CIDH Pile
at the Acute
Corner of
the Bridge



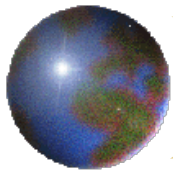
Abutment Retrofit-High Skew Bridges





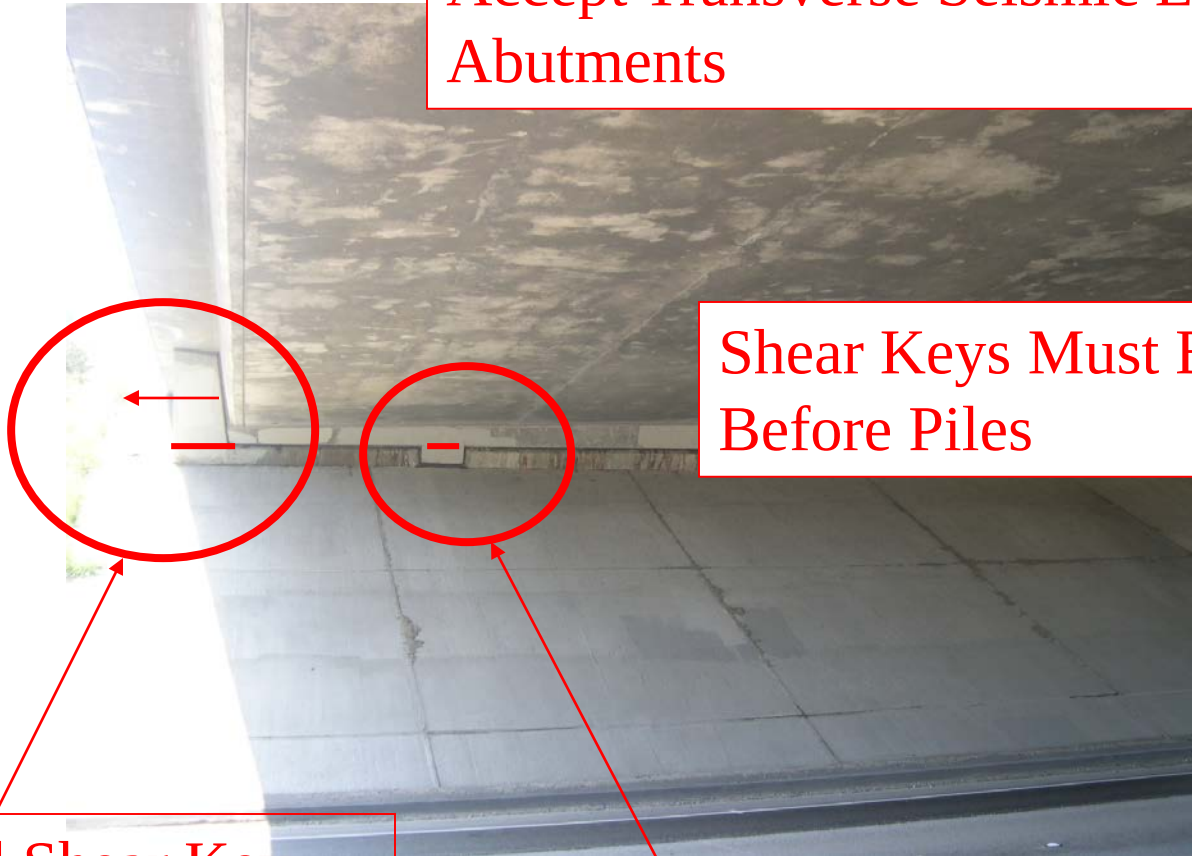
Abutment Retrofit-High Skew Bridges





Shear Keys-New Bridge

Accept Transverse Seismic Loads at
Abutments

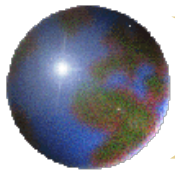


Shear Keys Must Break
Before Piles

External Shear Key

Internal Shear Key

Not Preferred-Difficult to Repair



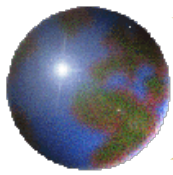
Approach Slabs

Settlement of Bridge Approach Slab

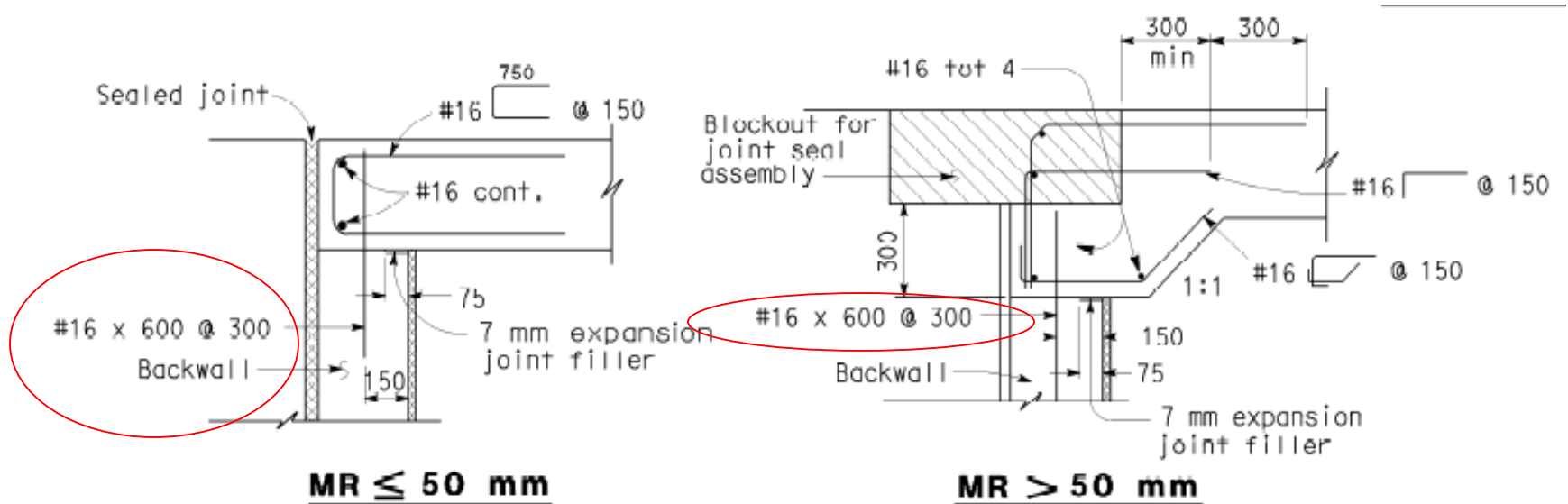


*For Important Bridges on
Lifeline Highways,
Emergency Vehicles
Must be Able to Get
Across*

San Fernando Earthquake Rte. 5/210

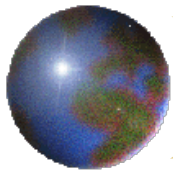


Approach Slab-New Bridge

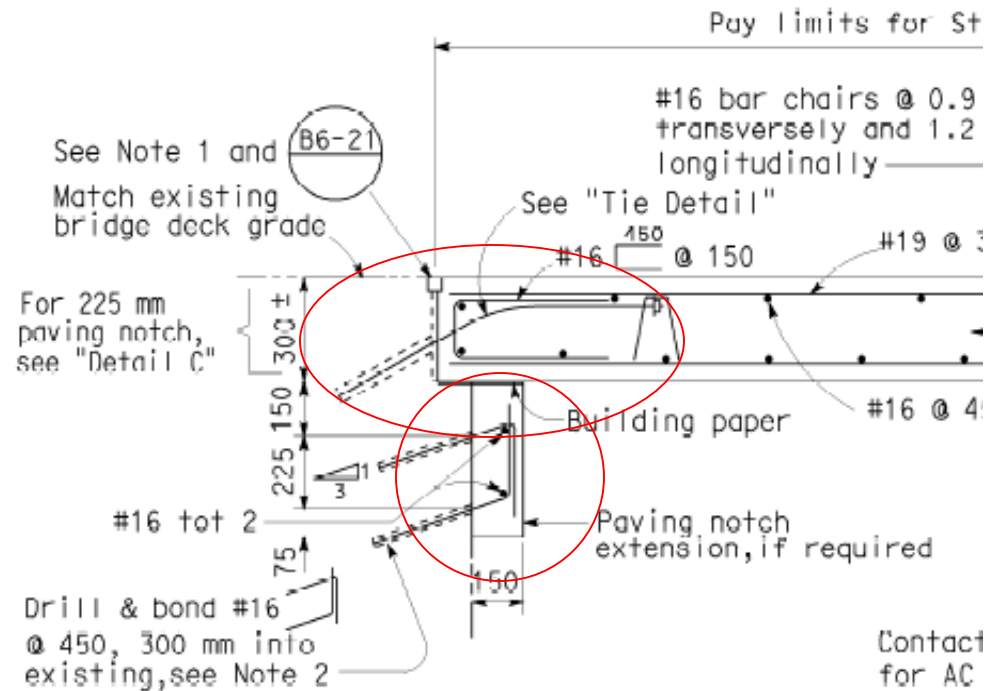


SEAT TYPE ABUTMENT TIE DETAILS (SEE NOTE 1)

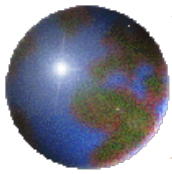
Tie bars to backwall are provided to prevent approach slab settlement



Approach Slab-Existing Bridge



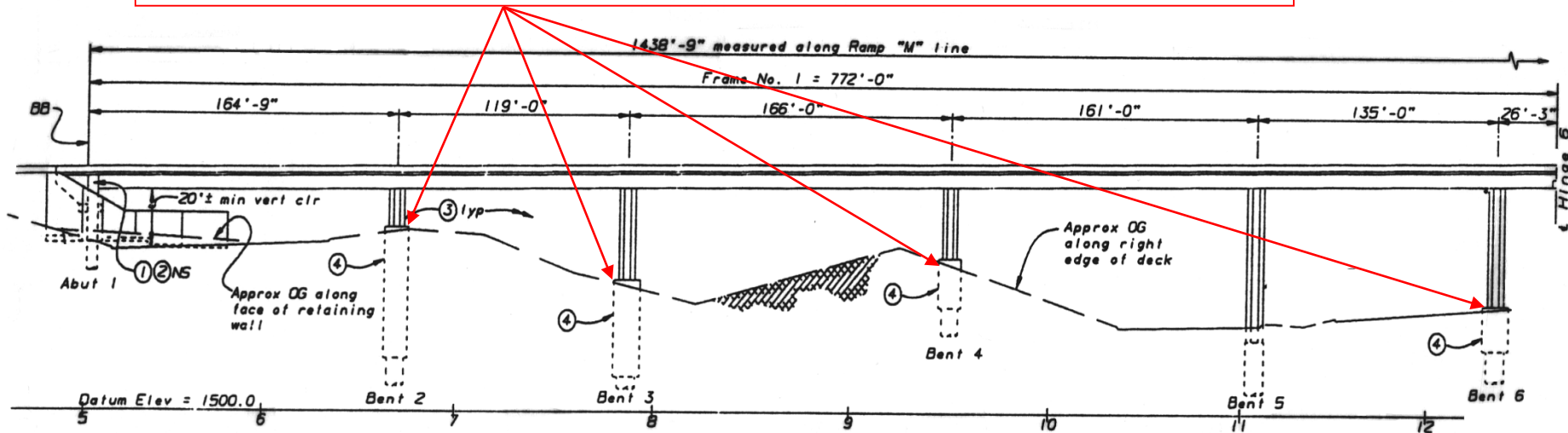
Paving Notch Extension and Ties
Applicable to New Approach Slabs
on Existing Bridge

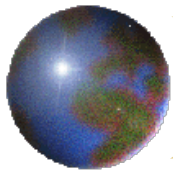


Column Isolation Casing

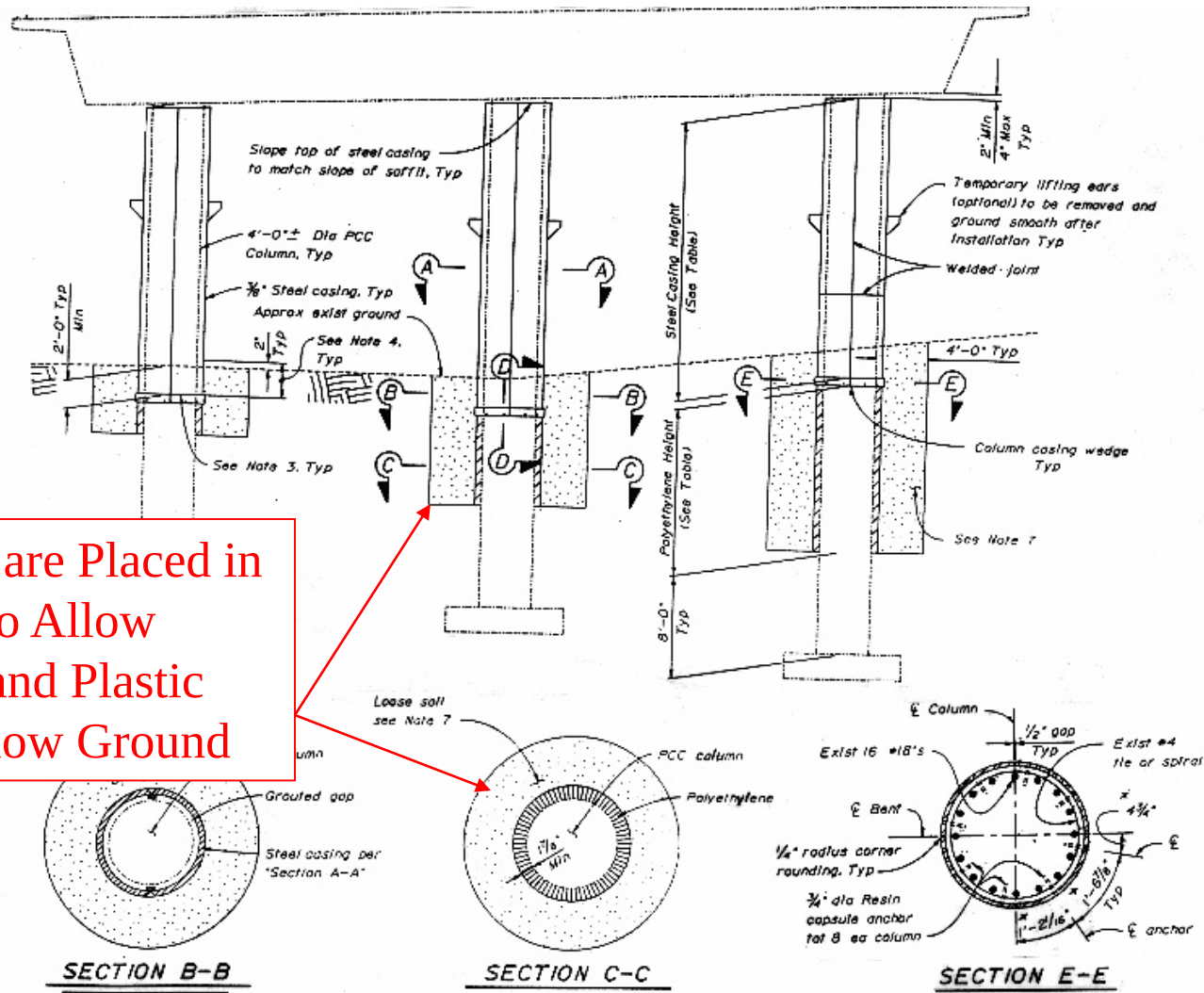
Balance frame stiffness is necessary to efficiently distribute earthquake loads

Isolation casings are provided to control columns stiffnesses across uneven grounds

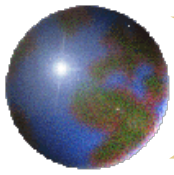




Column Isolation Casing



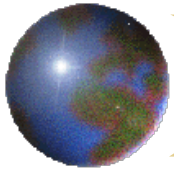
Loose Soils are Placed in the Casing to Allow Movement and Plastic Hinging Below Ground



Column Isolation Casing



External Debris and Dirt Should Be Prevented From Entering the Casing to Allow the Column to Move



Questions???

Pivotal Earthquakes for Bridge Design

- 1971 San Fernando
 - ◆ Hinge Retrofit
 - ◆ Ductile Details, Connections
- 1987 Whittier
 - ◆ Single Column Retrofit Program
 - ◆ Research on Design Details
- 1989 Loma Prieta
 - ◆ Multi-Column Retrofit Program
 - ◆ Joints, Continuity, Capacity Protection
- 1994 Northridge
 - ◆ Validated Retrofit Program
 - ◆ Balanced Geometry and System Effects



California Department of Transportation
Structure Maintenance and Investigation



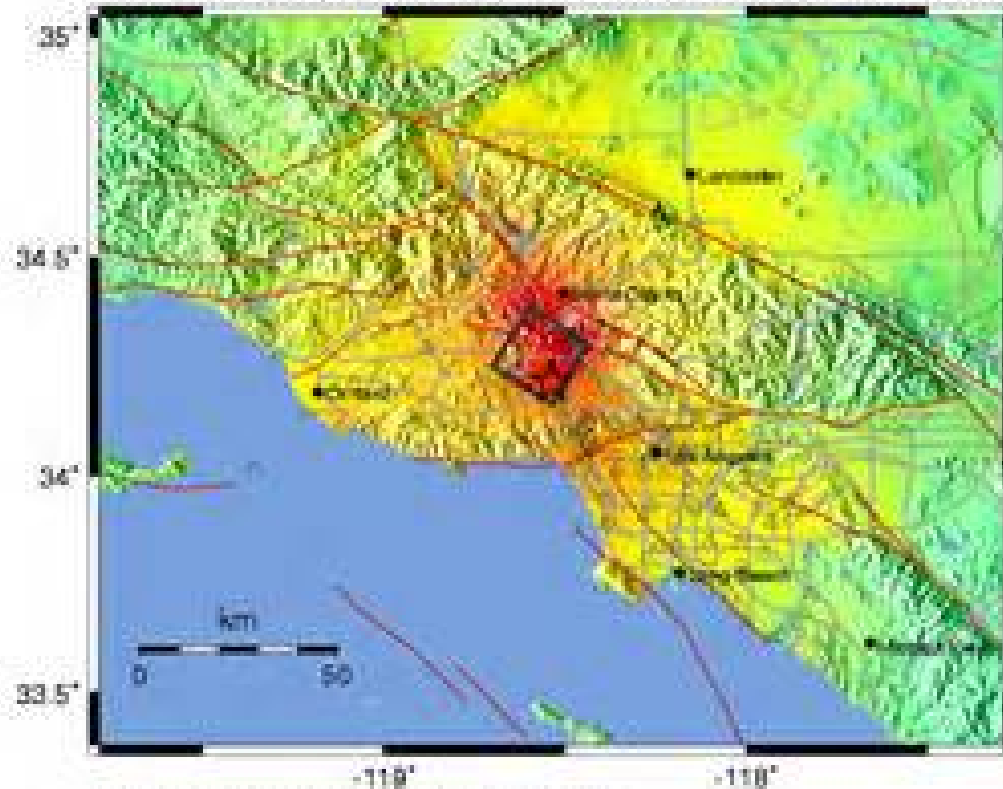
Emergency Response Plan
2014

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CISN ShakeMap for Northridge Earthquake

Mon Jan 17, 1994 04:30:55 AM PST M 6.7 N34.21 W118.54 Depth 18.0km ID:Northridge



Map Version 1.0 Processed Thu Feb 3, 2000 03:11:01 PM PST.

PGI (PGA)	Very light	Light	Moderate	Strong	Very strong	Severe	Violent	Extreme
PGI (PGA)	None	None	Very light	Light	Moderate	Moderate-Heavy	Heavy	Very Heavy
PGI (PGA)	< 0.1	0.1-0.4	0.4-0.8	0.8-1.2	1.2-1.6	1.6-2.0	2.0-2.4	> 2.4
PGI (PGA)	<0.1	0.1-0.4	0.4-0.8	0.8-1.2	1.2-1.6	1.6-2.0	2.0-2.4	> 2.4
PGI (PGA)	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII

Northridge Earthquake Response

- January 17 -- Within hours of the earthquake, a gubernatorial proclamation was issued directing all California state agencies to utilize available resources in responding to the emergency.
- Seven emergency orders were approved by the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) and subsequent force account contracts were let to remove damaged structures, construct detours and install shoring to insure the safety of existing, standing structures.



January 17

- Caltrans maintenance and engineering staff began inspecting the freeway system throughout Los Angeles and Ventura counties. More than 1,000 structures were checked - that day alone.
- An Executive Order by the Governor suspended all rules imposing non safety-related restrictions on the delivery of food products. This order further suspended rules governing the hours during which deliveries could be made.



January18

- Representatives of the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (LACMTA), Los Angeles Department of Transportation (LADOT), the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), and Caltrans map out emergency response strategies and identify earthquake-related damage to local transportation facilities.



January 23

- A gubernatorial proclamation suspended all statutes, rules and regulations, which apply to Caltrans contracts that would hinder or delay the restoration of facilities and services as a result of the Northridge earthquake.
- This emergency proclamation modified contracting procedures and enabled Caltrans to respond more effectively and efficiently to the emergency. Innovative emergency contract procedures allowed Caltrans to put contractors to work immediately. The informal and streamlined bid process cut the time for advertising, awarding and approving contracts from a standard timeframe of four to five months to as little as three days.



- January 27 -- Caltrans issued guidelines to suspend usual contracting procedures. These guidelines included provisions to protect the public welfare, for example - ensuring ample competition, compliance with OSHA regulation, licensing, and participation by DBE firms.
- January 29 -- the first A+B contract was opened, awarded, executed and approved for Interstate 5. The A+B contract process called for contractors to submit bids that included both cost of the work and the time to complete the job. This contracting process was completed in one day instead of the standard five to seven weeks. On January 29, Caltrans also opened a newly paved, four-lane detour for the traffic on Interstate 5. This reopened a vital connection to and from Los Angeles.



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- January 30 -- less than two weeks after the earthquake, construction began on the bridge replacement at Interstate 5 at Gavin Canyon.
- April 12 -- Traffic service was restored on the I-10 Santa Monica Freeway, the busiest freeway in the nation. The freeway was reconstructed in 66 days, a total of 74 days ahead of schedule. By opening this \$14.9 million reconstruction project to traffic significantly earlier than the 140 days previously bid and anticipated, Caltrans saved the Los Angeles economy approximately \$1 million a day. The contractor received an incentive payment of \$200,000 for each early day, totaling \$14.8 million.



- May 17 -- Traffic service was restored on the I-5 Golden State Freeway at Gavin Canyon, 33 days ~~e~~ ahead of schedule. By opening this \$14.8 million project earlier than the 130 days previously anticipated, Caltrans saved the Los Angeles economy approximately \$400,000 a day. The contractor received an incentive payment of \$150,000 for each early day, totaling \$4.95 million.
- July 8 -- Traffic was reopened on Stage one of the I-5/Route 14 Interchange, 35 days ahead of schedule. By opening this \$19.6 million project earlier than the 132 days previously anticipated, Caltrans saved the Los Angeles economy approximately \$1.6 million each day. The contractor received a bonus payment of \$100,000 for each early day, totaling \$3.5 million.



- Traffic service was completely restored to the Simi Valley Freeway (SR 118) approximately two weeks earlier than anticipated. This two-stage reconstruction project totaled \$19.3 million. Stage one of the SR 118 reconstruction effort carried with it an incentive / disincentive payment of \$50,000 per day for each day traffic was restored earlier than anticipated. A total of \$450,000 was awarded as an incentive to the contractor. Stage two did not include an incentive/payment provision because of the effectiveness of Caltrans' temporary detour. The detour was in service one month after the earthquake. The detour was so efficient that it carried 110,000 vehicles daily - roughly 75% of the pre-quake traffic - while under final reconstruction.



- October 29 -- Traffic reopened along the first of the final two connector ramps which make-up Stage two of the 5/14 interchange. Traffic was completely restored to the entire interchange on November 4, one day earlier than anticipated.
- Caltrans was able to accelerate the openings of the Southland's major transportation arteries by challenging the private sector with a system of incentives and disincentives. Total bonus payments for the reconstruction projects were more than \$20 million. According to the Governor's Office for Planning and Research, early traffic openings saved the local and state economy approximately \$145 million.

FOR EVERY ONE DOLLAR CALTRANS SPENT ON
INCENTIVE BONUSES, THE CALIFORNIA ECONOMY SAVED
MORE THAN \$5.



Our response to a major disaster is built on three major elements –

- Prepare
- Response
- Recovery



PREPARE-

- The first component is to make sure our personnel have the training and tools to respond in short order when a quake strikes. This includes nearly 5,000 Maintenance crews stationed around the state. Their job when a quake hits is to check the system for any damage. More than 120 engineers in Caltrans' Structure Maintenance & Investigations (SM&I) are charged with ensuring the safety of all the state's highway bridges. Caltrans conducts periodic disaster training for its personnel and procedures for all personnel involved in responding are outlined in various Maintenance and Engineering manuals used by the Caltrans staff.



RESPONSE –

- Caltrans is connected to the California Integrated Seismic Network that provides immediate notification about disasters such as earthquakes.
- Upon notification of a disaster and based on the type of event and extent of the damage, Caltrans activates its Emergency Operations Center (EOC), which serves as the central command post for sharing information on all disaster response activities involving the state transportation system.
- Maintenance crews in the affected area are dispatched to make visual inspections of the system and to make an initial damage assessment. Caltrans is able to draw upon the nearly 5,000 Maintenance crews and thousands of engineers statewide to assist in making initial damage assessments.
- The Maintenance crew members check the system and determine whether damage at a particular warrants closure of the facility or a closer examination by licensed engineers with expertise in bridges, pavement or hydrology.



Following a major earthquake, Caltrans' Post Earthquake Inspection Team (PEQIT) collects information on damaged bridges with the goal of improving our understanding of structural performance in significant seismic events. The work of this team has led to research that has improved design procedures and the design details we employ today.

An inspection report is prepared documenting the damage and the repairs recommended. That report is made part of the official record maintained by Caltrans.



LIST OF STRUCTURES INVESTIGATED

<u>Bridge No.</u>	<u>Bridge Name</u>	<u>Dist./County/Rte/PM</u>
53-1917F	South Connector OC	07-LA-2-R18.72
53-1921F	Northeast Connector OC	07-LA-2-R18.81
53-1919S	Route 134/2 Separation	07-LA-2/134-R18.80/R8.92
53-1128	Pacoima Wash	07-LA-5-39.19
53-1220	Chatsworth Drive UC	07-LA-5-39.92
53-1797RL	Gavin Canyon UC	07-LA-5-R47.83
53-1984RL	West Sylmar OH	07-LA-5-R44.87
53-849	Weldon Canyon OH	07-LA-5-C45.75
53-849K	Weldon Canyon OH	07-LA-5-C45.76
53-996RL	Weldon Canyon OC	07-LA-5-C45.86
53-2327F	Southeast Connector OC	07-LA-5-39.30
53-1580	Fairfax-Washington UC	07-LA-10-R9.31
53-1603	Centinela-Pico UC	07-LA-10-R4.24
53-1609	La Cienega-Venice UC	07-LA-10-R8.83
53-1615	National Blvd. OC	07-LA-10-R6.31
53-1637F	Southeast Connector OC	07-LA-10-R5.65
53-1960F	Route 14/5 Separation & OH	07-LA-14/5-R24.73/R45.58
53-1960G	Route 14/5 Separation & OH	07-LA-14/5-R24.77/R45.52
53-1962F	Truck Connector OC	07-LA-14/5-R24.81/C45.74
53-1963F	South Connector OC	07-LA-14/5-R24.82/R45.69
53-1964F	North Connector OC	07-LA-14/5-R24.97/C45.95
53-1936RL	Sierra Hwy UC	07-LA-14/5-R25.13/C45.74
53-1936G	Sierra Hwy UC	07-LA-14/5-R25.13/C45.74
53-1936F	Sierra Hwy UC	07-LA-14/5-R25.13/C45.74
52-0266	Wendy Drive OC	07-Ven-101-7.89
53-1336R	Route 101/170/134 Separation	07-LA-101-11.75/R14.6/0.01
53-1442	Las Virgenes Road OC	07-LA-101-31.05
53-2204	Hayvenhurst Avenue UC	07-LA-118-R8.34
53-2205	Mission-Gothic UC	07-LA-118-R8.63
53-2206	Bull Creek Canyon Channel Bridge	07-LA-118-R8.84
53-2207	Woodley Avenue UC	07-LA-118-R9.04
53-2095	San Fernando Road OH	07-LA-118-R12.40
53-2395	Balboa Blvd. OC	07-LA-118-R7.80
53-2396	Ruffner Avenue OC	07-LA-118-R8.05
53-2329G	Southwest Connector OC	07-LA-118/5-R11.40/39.31
53-1989F	Southwest Connector OC	07-LA-210/5-R0.06/R43.99
53-1988F	North Connector Separation	07-LA-210-R0.12
53-1500	Devonshire Street UC	07-LA-405-46.24
53-1506	Rinaldi Street UC	07-LA-405-47.75
53-1044	Olympic Blvd. OC	07-LA-710-23.44

DAMAGE CATEGORIZATIONS

MAJOR DAMAGE (Collapsed Structure)

Gavin Canyon UC	53-1797R/L
Route 14/5 Separation & OH	53-1960F
North Connector OC	53-1964F
Mission-Gothic UC	53-2205
La Cienega-Venice UC	53-1609

MAJOR DAMAGE (No Collapse)

Fairfax-Washington UC	53-1580
Bull Creek Canyon Channel Bridge	53-2206
Route 14/5 Separation & OH	53-1960G
South Connector OC	53-1963F

MODERATE DAMAGE

Southwest Connector OC	53-2329G
Route 101/170/134 Separation	53-1336R

MINOR DAMAGE

Balboa Blvd. OC	53-2395
Rinaldi Street UC	53-1506
Ruffner Avenue OC	53-2396
South Connector OC	53-1917F
Northeast Connector OC	53-1921F
Pacoima Wash Bridge	53-1128
West Sylmar OH	53-1984RL
Southeast Connector OC	53-2327F
Centinela-Pico UC	53-1603
National Blvd. OC	53-1615
Southeast Connector OC	53-1637F
Truck Connector OC	53-1962F
Wendy Drive OC	53-0266
Las Virgenes OC	53-1442
Hayvenhurst UC	53-2204
Woodley Avenue UC	53-2207
San Fernando Road OH	53-2095
Southwest Connector OC	53-1989F
Devonshire Street UC	53-1500

NO DAMAGE

Olympic Avenue OC	53-1044
Chatsworth Drive UC	53-1220
Route 134/2 Separation	53-1919S
North Connector Separation	53-1988F
Weldon Canyon OH	53-849
Weldon Canyon OH	53-849K
Weldon Canyon OC	53-996RL
Sierra Hwy UC	53-1936RL
Sierra Hwy UC	53-1936G
Sierra Hwy UC	53-1936F

RECOVERY-

Once the extent of the damage has been determined, Caltrans initiates its recovery phase, which includes:

- 1) Enlisting the assistance of private construction companies to complete recommended repairs so facilities full traffic service can be restored soon as possible.
- 2) Working with local officials and transportation providers to restore a level of transportation service to the damaged area.



- Since 1990, Caltrans has retrofitted more than 2,300 bridges at a cost of more than \$2 billion. In addition, seven of the state's toll crossings were strengthened, including the replacement of the eastern span of the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge, at a total cost of \$7 billion.

- All of the bridges identified for seismic strengthening following the Loma Prieta and Northridge quakes have been completed
- Caltrans' seismic safety program, however, is an ongoing effort. As new technologies are developed and knowledge of earthquakes and the resulting effects are expanded, Caltrans will upgrade its facilities as needed.



SM&I Earthquake Field Damage Report

9/22/14

SM&I Disaster Command Center - Email: smidcc@dot.ca.gov Phone: (888) 893-9974

Bridge Number: _____ Date: _____ Time (24hr): _____

Bridge Name: _____

Inspector 1: _____ Inspector 2: _____

Unit: _____ Phone No: _____ Unit: _____ Phone No: _____

Current Status:1 ☐ Open 2 ☐ Open with Shoring 3 ☐ Closed / Can Be Open 4 ☐ Closed**Restrictions: (Select all that apply)**

5 ☐ No Restrictions	9 ☐ No Permit Loads
6 ☐ Operational	10 ☐ Traffic Control Required for Repair
7 ☐ Structural	11 ☐ Lane Usage Restrictions
8 ☐ Investigate / Repair Prior to Open	

Damage:

12 ☐ Damage
13 ☐ No Damage
14 ☐ No Additional Damage

15 Damage Summary:**Repair Cost Estimates:**16 ☐ None 17 ☐ Low <\$5k 18 ☐ Med \$5-50k 19 ☐ Med-High \$50-100k 20 ☐ High >100k

21 Detailed Cost Estimates: \$ _____

Feature Damage: (Detailed Distress)

Approach Roadway: _____

Approach Slabs: _____

Superstructure: _____

Wingwalls and Rails: _____

Abutments: _____

Expansion Joints: _____

Hinges: _____

Shear Keys: _____

Bearings: _____

Columns/Pier Caps: _____

Foundation/Piles: _____

Retrofit: _____

Other _____:



EMERGENCY RESPONSE INSPECTION



Affix this sticker to the RIGHT BRIDGE RAILING next to the BRIDGE NAME/NUMBER LOCATION

DATE: _____ TIME: _____ BY: _____ PH#: _____
(INITIALS ONLY)

DATE: _____ TIME: _____ BY: _____ PH#: _____
(INITIALS ONLY)

DATE: _____ TIME: _____ BY: _____ PH#: _____
(INITIALS ONLY)

ANY BRIDGE CONCERNS CONTACT:

STRUCTURE MAINTENANCE AND INVESTIGATIONS (888) 893-9974



Revised 10/18/05

Br #	Structure Name	Location
Date	Time	Inspected By: 1.
		Inspected By: 2.

Restrictions

	Open
	Open with Shoring
	Closed/Can be Open
	Closed

	Investigat/Repair Prior to Opening
	No Permit Loads
	Traffic Cntrl Req'd for Repair
	Lane Usage Restriction

High Water Mark @
Max Exposed Pile Length

Foundation Not Visible

☐	All Abut's	# of Abutments	
☐	All Piers	# of Piers	

Debris Removal Req'd

☐ Heavy ☐ Moderate ☐ Light # of Piers/Columns

Damage Summary

☐	Damage
☐	No Visible Damage
☐	No Additional Damage

Repair Cost Estimate

☐ None ☐ Low <5K ☐ Med 5-50K ☐ Med-High 50-100K ☐ High >100K ☐ Detailed Cost Estimate

TEXT

USE BACK OF FORM TO CONTINUE FIELD NOTES

Approach Roadway	
Superstructure	
Wingwalls & Rails	
Abutments	
Embankments	
Bearings	
Hinges	
Columns, Piers/Caps	
Footings, Piles	
Scour	
Restriction	
Comments	



Northridge Earthquake 1994, M 6.8

Gavin Canyon Undercrossing – Year Designed: 1965



Northridge Earthquake

Bull Creek Canyon Channel Bridge, Year Designed: 1973



Northridge Earthquake

Mission-Gothic
Undercrossing – Column
Failure before Architectural
Flare









It All Looks Better At Night

